MINISTRY OF THE INTERIOR, EGYPT.

Department of Public Health. Cairo City Health Inspectorate.

Report of the Medical Officer of Health, Cairo City, for the year 1922.

Government Press, Cairo, 1925

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SUMMARY OF REPORT.

VITAL STATISTICS.

	19	22.	199	21.	1917-1921.			
	Number registered.	Rate per 1000 living.	Number registered.	Rate per 1000 living.	Average Annual Number registered.	Average Annual rate per 1000 living.		
Births	. 41,596	53.2	36,914	48.2	32,872	43.3		
Deaths	. 26,692	34.3	23,563	30.8	29,420	38.7		
Infantile Deaths (0-1)	0.054	Rate per 1000 births.	8,109	Rate per 1000 births.	8,477	Average rate per 1000 births.		

Infectious Diseases.—The total number notified in 1922 was 4,740, of which 2,555 concern the eight principal diseases as against 4,759 and 2,026 respectively in 1921.

The prevalent disease was measles of which there were 982 cases notified as compared with 282 in 1921.

Compared with the average annual number notified during the previous eight years, the total this year, with the exception of measles, shows a marked decrease, more particularly in typhus and relapsing fever.

GOVERNMENT FEVER HOSPITAL.

Total admissions during 1922 were 1,705 as compared with 1,983 in 1921. Of the 1,705 admissions 1,328 were males and 377 were females.

									1922	1921
1st. class	•••	•••	• • •	•••	• • •	• • •	•••	• • •	42	. 56
2nd. ,,	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	160	197
3rd. ,,	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	1,503	$1,730 \\ 1,732$
Cured	• • •	•••	• • •	• • •	•••	• • •	• • •	• • •	1,542	1,732
Died	•••		• • •	• • •		• • •	• • •	• • •	136	159
Unrelieved	1	•••	•••	• • •	•••	•••	•••	• • •	27	72

PASSENGERS CONTROL.

Total No. of passengers arriving Percentage found and observed		12,595 85·2%	8,727 90.8%
Ç		ĺ	

PILGRIMAGE.

Total No. of pilgrims	from Cairo	•••	373	118
			1	

PROSTITUTION AND VENEREAL DISEASES.

			1922.			1921.							
	Number registered.	Number of examinations.	Syphilis.	Gonorhea.	Other Diseases.	Number registered.	Number of examinations.	Syphilis.	Gonorhæa.	Other Diseases.			
Natives Europeans	1,620	37,689 8,876	95 20	1,836 205	158 7	1,654 326	35,483 $9,795$	148	2,191 292	197			

Vaccinations in 1922: 42,868 as against 32,855 in 1921. Uncertified deaths in 1922: 17,951 (67.2 per cent) as against 15,582 (66.4 per cent) in 1921.

UNHEALTHY ESTABLISHMENTS.

							1922.	1921.
Total l	icensed	1st (2nd 3rd	Jlass ,,	• • •	• • •	•••	82 1,515 393	$\begin{array}{c} 71 \\ 1,407 \\ 384 \end{array}$

Report of the Medical Officer of Health, Cairo City, for the Year 1922.

I.—VITAL STATISTICS

(a) POPULATION.

The population for Cairo in 1922, as estimated by the Statistical Department, was 777,500 to which, however, should be added 29,590 which represents the population of the area around Helwân that is administered by us for all public health purposes, with the exception of the registration of births and deaths.

This makes a total of 807,090 on which all our Zymotic Charts are based.

The district distribution of this population is as follows:—

	Distric	ct.				Population.				
Mûsky Bâb el Sha'rîya Ezbekîya	•••	• • •	•••	•••	•••	• • •	24,200 66,200 64,300			
'Abdîn Saîyeda Zeinab Helwân	•••	•••	•••	• • •	•••	• • •	$61,500 \\ 78,300 \\ 11,500$	(41,090)*		
Khalîfa Darb el Ahmar Gamâlîya	•••	•••	•••	• • •	• • • •	• • •	55,200 $69,400$ $58,400$			
Shubra Bulâq Old Cairo	• • •	•••	• • • •	•••	•••		81,800 94,800 33,100			
Wâyli	 Fotal			 City	•••		75,800	(807,000)*		

Regarding the European population an estimate can only be approximate.

As pointed out by the Statistical Department there are several factors which make it impossible to arrive at a correct figure such as:—

(1) The 1917 figures being unduly low owing to many foreigners having left the country temporarily who have now returned.

(2) The birth figures for foreigners being misleading.

(3) The definition of Egyptian Nationality being uncertain.

However, after taking all these points into consideration, the Statistical Department estimates that the European population in 1922 was from 70,000 to 74,000. (The word "European" here includes those of Europeano rigin such as Americans, Canadians, Australians, etc.)

BIRTHS.

The total number of births which occurred in Cairo during 1922 was 41,596 out of which 40,849 were registered as natives and 747 as foreigners.

The annual birth-rate was therefore 53.5 per thousand of population. This is the highest rate for the last twelve years.

The mean annual birth-rate during the period 1918–1922 was 45.6 per thousand of population, the highest being the present year and the lowest in 1918 which was 36.9. The district birth-rates are shown in Table I.

Table I.—District Births and Birth-Rates per 1000 of Population.

	19	922	19	21	19	20
DISTRICT.	No. of Blrths.	Rates.	No. of Births.	Rate.	No. of Births.	Rate.
Abdîn	2,222 446 2,612	34·5 38·8 42·5	2,016 416 $2,411$	35·1 36·8 39·6	1,908 386 2,248	33·1 33·8 36·7 37·7
Darb el Ahmar	1,055 3,292 3,954 4,196	43.6 47.4 52.2 53.6	$\begin{bmatrix} 930 \\ 3,011 \\ 3,385 \\ 3,829 \end{bmatrix}$	38.9 44.0 45.1 49.6	$\begin{bmatrix} 902 \\ 2,929 \\ 3,273 \\ 3,657 \end{bmatrix}$	42·7 43·5 49·1
Bâb el Sha'rîya	. 3,584 . 4,844 . 3,262	54·1 57·1 59·1	$\begin{bmatrix} 3,825 \\ 3,147 \\ 4,127 \\ 2,836 \end{bmatrix}$	48·3 49·5 52·2	$\begin{bmatrix} 3,037 \\ 3,175 \\ 4,090 \\ 2,884 \end{bmatrix}$	48·8 50·3 53·1
Gamâlîya	3,597 2,086 6,446	61.6 63.0 68.0	3,387 1,919 5,500	53.8 59.2 59.1	3,186 1,832 5,514	50.8 56.4 59.5
Marine Character Character	41,596	53.2	36,914	48.2	35,984	47:8

Still-Births.—During 1922 there were 1,290 children born dead of whom 1,266 were natives and 24 of foreign parentage.

(c) Deaths.

The total number of deaths in Cairo during 1922 was 27,350 including 658 deaths of non-residents. Out of this total 26,738 were among natives and 612 foreigners.

Excluding the deaths of non-residents the total deaths for Cairo was therefore 26,692 as compared with 23,563 in 1921, and 27,619 in 1920.

The annual death-rate was therefore 34·3 per thousand of population as against 30·8 in 1921 and 36·2 in 1920.

The mean annual rate during the last five years was 38.4 per thousand of population, the highest death-rate being in 1918 with 49.4, and the lowest in 1921 which was 30.8

The highest district death-rate occurred in Old Cairo with 46·4 per thousand of population and the lowest in Ezbekîya with 22·7. See Table II.

Chart 1 shows the maximum, minimum and mean weekly death-rates during 1917–1921 together with the weekly death-rates in 1922 per 1,000 of population.

TABLE II.—DISTRICT DEATHS AND DEATH-RATES PER 1000 OF POPULATION.

	T		(17)					19	22	19	21	19	20
	D	ISTRIC	T.					No. of Deaths.	Rates.	No. of Deaths.	Rate.	No. of Deaths.	Rate.
Ezbekîya Helwân Mûsky 'Abdîn Darb el Almar	• • • •	•••	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	•••	•••	1,460 280 679 1,804 2,215	22·7 24·3 28·1 29·3 31·9	1,219 253 630 1,629 2,052	21·2 22·4 26·4 26·8 30·0	1,596 308 769 1,861 2,334	27·7 27·0 32·2 30·4 34·0
Bâb el Sha'rîya Wâyli Saiyeda Zeinab Shubra	• • •		•••	•••	• • •	•••		2,153 $2,482$ $2,622$ $2,968$	32.5 32.7 33.5 35.0	$egin{array}{c} 1,972 \ 2,356 \ 2,267 \ 2,609 \ \end{array}$	30·3 31·4 29·4 31·3	$\begin{bmatrix} 2,377 \\ 2,760 \\ 2,736 \\ 2,771 \end{bmatrix}$	36.6 36.6 37.6 33.3
Gamâliya Khalîfa Bulâq Old Cairo	• • •	•••	• • •	• • •	•••	• • •	• • •	2,120 2,233 4,140 1,536	36·3 40·4 43·7 46·4	1,902 1,931 3,555 1,188	30·2 35·6 38·2 36·7	2,243 2,298 4,135 1,431	35.8 42.3 44.6 44.0
	Т	OTAL	Са	ıRO	Сіту	• • •	• • •	26,692	34.3	23,563	30.8	27,619	36.5

(d) Infantile Mortality.

The total number of deaths among children under one year during 1922 was 9,954 as compared with 8,109 in 1921 and 9,164 in 1920. Out of this total, 9,861 were deaths among natives and 93 of foreign parentage.

In addition to these, there were 197 deaths of infants coming from outside Cairo and who died in various public institutions.

The infantile mortality rate for Cairo was, therefore, 239 per thousand births.

The mean annual death-rate for the last five years was 256 per thousand births, the highest rate during this period being 329 in 1918, and the lowest in 1920 which was 220.

The highest district death-rate was in Bulâq (356) and the lowest in Helwân (186).

TABLE III.—DISTRICT INFANTILE DEATH-RATES PER THOUSAND BIRTHS.

		D	ISTRI	CT.							1922	1921	1920
lelwân	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	186	173	212
zbekîya	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •			• • •	• • •	• • •	189	173	229
ûsky	• • •	• • •		• • •	• • •	• • •		•••	• • •		203	181	204
amalîya			• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	•••	• • •			211	211	223
âb el Sha'rîya	l		• • •	• • •	• • •		• • •				215	225	248
iyeda Zeinab		• • •		• • •	•••		• • •	• • •			218	204	239
'ấyli		• • •	• • •		• • •		• • •				229	219	272
ubra	•••	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •		•••			238	208	257
arb el Ahmai	• • • •	• • •	• • •		• • •			• • •			238	226	265
bd \ldots \ldots		• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •			• • •		240	200	246
halîfa			• • •				• • •				248	249	236
ılâq	•••	• • •	• • •		• • •	• • •	• • •		• • •		273	250	288
ld Cairo		• • •		•••	• • •			• • •			356	245	301
										. -			
				r	Гота	- C.	TDO	Сттх		-	239	220	255

Chart II shows the weekly infantile death-rate for 1922 as compared with the maximum, minimum and mean weekly death-rates for the period 1917–1921 per 100 births.

Chart III shows the principal causes of infantile deaths.

The highest mortality was due to diarrhea (4,336) and marasmus (2,523).

TABLE IV.—COMPARATIVE MID-YEAR POPULATION AND VITAL STATISTICS OF CAIRO 1911 TO 1922.

Year.	Population.	Number of Deaths.	Death-rate per Thousand of Population.	Infantile Deaths.	Infantile death rate per Thousand Births.	Number of Births.	Birth-rate per Thousand of Population.
1911 1912 1913 1914 1915 1916 1917 1918 1919 1920 1921	693,806 704,956 715,609 725,670 733,423 740,000 749,000 760,008 761,525 761,300 765,200 777,500	27,981 26,385 26,413 26,128 32,554 28,320 26,804 37,568 31,547 27,619 23,563 26,692	$40 \cdot 3$ $37 \cdot 4$ $36 \cdot 9$ $36 \cdot 0$ $44 \cdot 3$ $38 \cdot 3$ $35 \cdot 8$ $49 \cdot 4$ $41 \cdot 4$ $36 \cdot 3$ $30 \cdot 8$ $34 \cdot 3$	$10,414$ $9,549$ $9,250$ 8.875 $9,592$ $9,208$ $8\cdot248$ $9,242$ $7,621$ $9,164$ $8,109$ $9,954$	323 303 292 283 320 295 262 329 238 255 220 239	32,195 31,555 31,599 31,314 29,933 31,170 31,442 28,047 31,974 35,984 36,914 41,596	$ \begin{array}{c} 46 \cdot 4 \\ 44 \cdot 8 \\ 44 \cdot 1 \\ 43 \cdot 1 \\ 40 \cdot 8 \\ 42 \cdot 1 \\ 42 \cdot 0 \\ 36 \cdot 9 \\ 42 \cdot 0 \\ 47 \cdot 3 \\ 48 \cdot 2 \\ 53 \cdot 5 \end{array} $

Chart IV and V shows the weekly infantile deaths from Diarrhœa as compared with the mean and maximum temperature respectively as observed in Ezbekîya Gardens.

Table IV shows the mid-year population and Vital Statistics of Cairo during the years 1911 to 1922.

Table V shows the mid-year population and Vital Statistics of the various districts of Cairo for 1922.

TABLE V.—POPULATION AND VITAL STATISTICS OF CAIRO AND ITS QUARTERS IN 1922.

District.	Population.	Number of Deaths.	Death-rates per Thousand of Population.	Number of Births.	Birth-rates per Thousand of Population.	Number of Infantile Deaths (0 1 Year).	Infantile Mortality Rate per Thon- sand Births.
Mûsky	. 24,200	679	28.1	1,055	43.6	215	203
Bàb el Sha ^c rîya	. 66,200	2,153	32.5	3,584	54.1	771	215
Ezbekîya	. 64,300	1,460	22.7	2,222	34.5	422	189
'Abdin	61,500	1,804	29.3	2,612	42.5	627	240
Saiyeda Zeinab	78,300	2,622	33.5	4,196	53.6	918	218
Khalîfa	55,200	2,233	40.4	3,262	59.1	809	248
Helwân	11,500	280	24:3	446	38.8	83	186
Darb el Ahmar	69,400	2,215	31.9	3,292	47.4	784	238
Gamâlîya	58,400	2,120	36.3	3,597	61.6	759	211
Shubra	\$4,800	2,968	35.0	4,844	57.1	1,156	238
Bulâq	94,800	4,140	43.7	6,446	68.0	1,761	273
Old Cairo	33,100	1,536	46.4	2,086	63.0	743	356
Wâyli	75,800	2,482	32.7	3,954	52.2	906	229
Total for Cairo .	777,500	26,692	34.3	41,596	53.5	9,954	239

II.—INFECTIOUS DISEASES.

The total for all infectious diseases reported during 1922 was 5,135 which includes 395 cases coming from outside Cairo. The total for Cairo proper was 4,740 which is practically the same as last year.

Out of this total, 2.555, with a mortality of 850, were cases belonging to the eight

principal diseases.

The remainder include 1,461 cases of influenza, 180 of chicken-pox, 82 of mumps, 4 of Malta fever, 116 of whooping cough, 21 of tetanus, 3 of encephalitis lethargica.

318 persons bitten by animals underwent anti-rabic treatment.

Regarding the eight principal diseases the total was 529 larger than in 1921 and was due to a large increase of measles.

With the exception of measles the totals of the eight principal diseases are all below

the average of the previous eight years.

The rate per thousand of population for these diseases was 3,165 as compared with 2,550 in 1921, whilst the ratio of deaths to cases was 33·3 per cent as against 29·6 per cent in the previous year. See Tables VI, VII (with Figure 1), VIII and IX.

Table VI.—Infectious Diseases, 1914 to 1922.

YEAR.	Eight Principal Diseases.	Other Infectious Diseases.	Total Number of Notifiable Diseases.	Deaths from the Eight Principal Diseases.		Death-rate of eight Prin- eipal Diseases per Thousand of Population.	Recorded per
1914 1915 1916 1917 1918 1919 1920 1921	4,878 5,744 6,771 4,304 8,268 9,164 4,838 2,026 2,555	405 409 412 672 614 708 2,144 2,733 2,185	5,283 6,153 7,183 4,976 8,882 9,872 6,982 4,759 4.740	1,610 2,365 2,836 1,608 3,397 3,970 1,493 599 850	$\begin{array}{c} 6,722 \\ 7,831 \\ 9,150 \\ 9,746 \\ 10,535 \\ 11,659 \\ 6,155 \\ 2,550 \\ 3,165 \\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 2 \cdot 218 \\ 3 \cdot 224 \\ 3 \cdot 832 \\ 2 \cdot 146 \\ 4 \cdot 328 \\ 5 \cdot 051 \\ 1 \cdot 899 \\ 0 \cdot 754 \\ 1 \cdot 053 \end{array}$	33.0 41.1 41.8 37.4 41.1 43.3 30.9 29.6 33.3

TABLE VII.—ZYMOTIC DISEASE CASE AND DEATH-RATES IN CAIRO DISTRICTS IN 1922.

District.	Population.	Number of Cases recorded.	Cases recorded per Thousand of Population.	Number of Deaths.	Death-rate per Thousand of Population.	Ratio of Deaths to Cases recorded.
Mûsky Bâb el Sha ^c rîya Ezbekîya 'Abdîn Saiyeda Zeinab Khalîfa Helwân Darb el Ahmar Gamâlîya Shubra Bulâq Old Cairo Wâili Totals for Cairo	24,200 66,200 64,300 61,500 78,300 55,200 41,090 69,400 58,400 84,800 94,800 33,100 75,800	64 85 263 211 245 171 64 234 150 301 392 59 316	2:644 1:283 4:090 3:430 3:128 3:097 1:557 3:371 2:568 3:549 4:135 1:782 4:168	16 23 45 52 79 70 8 142 81 94 145 26 69	0.661 0.347 0.699 0.845 1.008 1.268 0.194 2.046 1.386 1.108 1.529 0.785 0.910	Per Cent. 25.0 27.1 17.1 24.6 32.2 40.9 12.5 60.7 54.0 31.2 37.0 44.1 33.3

Table VIII.—Infectious Diseases, 1918 to 1922.

Estimated mid-year population in 1918=784,770.

1		1	1			
DISEASE.	YEAR.	Number of Cases recorded.	Cases recorded per Thousand of Population.	Number of Deaths.	Death-rate per Thousand of Population.	Ratio of Deaths to Cases recorded.
						Per Cent.
Smallpox	1918	35	0.044	5	0.006	14:3
	1919	1,455	1.851	494	0.628	33:9
	1920	157	0.199	50	0.063	31:8
	1921	5	0.006	1	0.001	20:0
	1922	24	0.029	10	0.012	41:7
Measles	1918	168	0.214	82	0:104	48.8
	1919	719	0.914	316	0:402	43.9
	1920	1,325	1.685	404	0:514	30.5
	1921	282	0.355	108	0:135	38.3
	1922	982	1.216	332	0:411	33.8
Scarlet fever \cdots	1918	81	0.103	7	0.008	8.6
	1919	39	0.049	4	0.005	10.3
	1920	39	0.049	4	0.005	10.3
	1921	66	0.083	2	0.002	3.0
	1922	69	0.084	2	0.002	2.9
Diphtheria $\left\{ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1918	632	0.805	232	0.295	36·7
	1919	484	0.615	150	0.190	31·0
	1920	329	0.418	77	0.097	23·4
	1921	438	0.551	124	0.156	28·3
	1922	418	0.517	146	0.180	34·9
Typhoid fever {	1918	1,609	2.050	- 612	0.779	38.0
	1919	1,383	1.759	345	0.438	24.9
	1920	925	1.176	215	0.273	23.2
	1921	669	0.842	151	0.190	22.6
	1922	859	1.064	226	0.280	26.3
Typhus fever \cdots $\left\{\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1918	4,433	5.648	2,356	3:002	53·1
	1919	4,825	6.139	2,629	3:344	54·5
	1920	1,606	2.043	705	0:897	43·9
	1921	385	0.484	200	0:251	51·9
	1922	183	0.226	124	0:153	67·8
Relapsing fever \cdots	1918	1,287	1.639	93	0·118	7·2
	1919	236	0.300	20	0·025	8·5
	1920	429	0.545	23	0·029	5·4
	1921	167	0.210	8	0·010	4·8
	1922	13	0.016	4	0·004	30·8
Cerebro-spinal fever	1918	23	0.029	10	0.012	43·4
	1919	23	0.029	12	0.015	52·2
	1920	28	0.035	15	0.019	53·4
	1921	14	0.017	5	0.006	35·7
	1922	8	0.009	6	0.007	75·0
TOTALS {	1918	8,268	10.535	3,397	4.328	41·1
	1919	9,164	11.659	3,970	5.051	43·3
	1920	4,838	6.155	1,493	1.899	30·9
	1921	2,026	2.550	599	0.754	29·6
	1922	2,555	3.165	850	1.053	33·3

TABLE IX.—DISTRICT DISTRIBUTIONS OF THE PRINCIPAL ZYMOTIC DISEASES IN 1922.

Totals.	Deaths.	7	07	23	<u>C</u> †	52	62	02	· ·	142	81	7-6	145	56	69	850	17	. 867
To	Cases.		7 0	85	263	211	245	171	64	234	150	301	392	59	316	2,555	119	2,674
SLES.	Deaths.	-	ť	ಣ	10	19	36	18		84	45	45	45	14	16	332	1	333
MRASLES	Cases.	10	01	53	£0	52	103	53	19	107	92	138	215	32	89	985	22	1,004
HERIA.	Deaths.	c	3		41	12	18	16	ಣ	25	σ.	16	16	ಣ	77	146	H	147
DIPHTHERIA.	Cases	10) 	11	25.	38	54	53	16	49	17	38	38	6	57	418	. 1-	425
FRVER.	Deaths.				67	-	1	1				1	-	1		21		C1
SCARLET	Cases.		-	ಣ	14	<u></u>	4		-11	-	ಕರ	∞	ে।	1	Z.	89	1	68
FRVER	Deaths.	و	>	_	50	16	50	F 6	જા	14	ಣ	21	59	©	81 80	226	10	236
Турногр	Cases.	nc cr	5	34	147	Ž	73	61	231	ĵį	36	06	101	12	132	859	12	930
	Deaths.	G	1	9	9	11	70	12	N	+	47	.10	20	ଡ ।	10	121	च	128
Typhus Fever.	Cases,	**		2	12	17	10	14	ಣ	21	25	19	52	4	16	183	16	199
SPINAL	Deaths.	_	+		-	7	1	1	П		-					9		2
CEREBRO-SPINAL FEVER.	Cases	,-	-	-		H	1	1	Н			H	1	-	71	00.	જા	10
	Deaths.				1	1	1					1.			-			4.
RELAPSING FEVER.	Cases.	-	⊣	1	ગ					-4 4		ಣ		Ħ	7	13		13
POX.	Deaths.			1	Ø1		1		1	=		-	20	1		10	. 1	10
SMALLPOX	Cases.]		10	H		1		<u> </u>	—	11	c.	1	H	24	1	25
	Population.	000 70	24,200	66,200	64,300	61,500	78,300	55,200	41,090	69,400	58,400	84,800	008,40	33,100	75,800	807,090	Cairo Hos-	
	DISTRICT.			Bâb el Sha ^c riya	Ezbekîya	'Abdîn	Saiyeda Zeinab	Khalîfa	Helwân	Darb el Ahmar	Gamâlîya	Shubra	Bulâq	Old Cairo	Wâili	TOTALS FOR CAIRO	Extra urban Admissions to Ca pitals	Totals

Smallpox.—The total number of cases notified during the year was 24 which is satisfactory when compared with the previous eight years. The average number per annum notified during these years, excluding 1919 when there was an epidemic, was 223.

The rate of cases per thousand of population was 0.029.

There were 10 deaths from this disease, 9 of which were diagnosed after death. The death-rate per thousand of population was 0.012 and the ratio of deaths to cases recorded was 41.7 per cent.

The ages of those who died from this disease ranged from one month to eleven years. All had been vaccinated with the exception of two who were only one month old. Five out of the ten deaths occurred in Bulâq 11, District.

See Table X with Figure 2, and Chart VI.

TABLE X.—SMALLPOX CASE AND DEATH-RATES IN CAIRO DISTRICTS IN 1922.

· District.	Population,	Number of Cases recorded.	Cases recorded per Thousand of Population.	Number of Deaths.	Death-rate per Thousand of Population.	Ratio of Deaths to Cases recorded.
						Per Cent.
Mûsky	24,200					
Bâb el Sha ^c rîya	66,200	1	0.015			
Ezbekîya	64,300	5	0.077	2	0.031	40.0
'Abdîn	61,500	1	0.016			
Saiyeda Zeinab	78,300	1	0.015			
Khalîfa	55,200	_		-	-	
Helwân	41,090					
Darb el Ahmar	69,400	1	0.014	1	0.014	100.0
Gamâlîya	58,400	1	0.017			******
Shubra	84,800	4	0.047	$\frac{1}{5}$	0.011	25.0
Bulâq	94,800	9	0.094	5	0.052	55.5
Old Cairo	33,100	-			_	*
Wâili	75,800	1	0.013	1	0.013	100.0
Totals for Cairo	807,090	24	0.029	10	0.012	41.7

Measles.—The total number of cases recorded in 1922 was 982, being 700 more than in 1921. This gives a rate of 1,216 per thousand of population.

There were 332 deaths from this disease of which no less than 322 were diagnosed after death.

The death-rate per thousand of population was, therefore, 0.411 whilst the ratio of deaths to cases notified was 33.8 per cent.

The highest case rate occurred in Bulâq with 2·267 per thousand of population.

The largest ratio of deaths to cases recorded was in Darb el Ahmar being 78.5 per cent. See Table XI, Figure 3 and Chart VII.

TABLE XI.—MEASLES CASE AND DEATH-RATES IN CAIRO DISTRICTS IN 1922.

DISTRICT.	Population,	Number of Cases recorded.	Cases recorded per Thousand of Population.	Number of Deaths.	Death-rate per Thousand of Population.	Ratio of Deaths to Cases recorded. Per Cent.
Mûsky Bâb el Sha'rîya Ezbekîya 'Abdîn Saiyeda Zeinab Khalîfa Helwân Darb el Ahmar Gamâlîya Shubra Bulâq Old Cairo Wâili	$\begin{array}{c} 24,200 \\ 66,200 \\ 64,300 \\ 61,500 \\ 78,300 \\ 55,200 \\ 41,090 \\ 69,400 \\ 58,400 \\ 84,800 \\ 94,800 \\ 94,800 \\ 33,100 \\ 75,800 \\ \end{array}$	10 29 54 57 103 53 19 107 76 138 215 32 89	0:413 0:438 0:838 0:926 1:315 0:960 0:462 1:541 1:301 1:627 2:267 0:966 1:174	$ \begin{array}{c} 4 \\ 3 \\ 10 \\ 12 \\ 36 \\ 18 \\ \hline - \\ 84 \\ 45 \\ 45 \\ 45 \\ 45 \\ 14 \\ 16 \end{array} $	0·165 0·045 0·155 0·195 0·459 0·326 	40·0 10·3 18·5 21·0 34·9 34·9 78·5 59·2 32·6 20·9 43·7 18·0
Totals for Cairo	807,090	982	1.216	332	0.411	33.8

Scarlet Fever.—There were 68 cases notified during the year as compared with 66 in 1921, whilst the number of deaths from this disease was 2.

This gives a case-rate and death-rate, per thousand of population, of 0.084 and 0.002 respectively, whilst the percentage of deaths to cases recorded was 2.9 per cent.

Of the total number of cases 25 were natives, the others being 10 syrians, 6 greeks, 9 italians, 7 jews and 11 other foreigners.

See Table XII, Figure 4 and Chart VIII.

TABLE XII.—SCARLET FEVER CASE AND DEATH-RATES IN CAIRO DISTRICTS IN 1922.

District.	Population,	Number of Cases Recorded.	Cases recorded per Thousand of Population.	Number of Deaths.	Death-rate per Thousand of Population.	Ratio of Deaths to Cases recorded.
						Per Cent.
Mûsky	24,200	1	0.041	_		-
Bâb el Sha [*] rîya	66,200	3	0.045			
Ezbekîya	64,300	14	0.217	2	0.031	14:3
'Abdîn	61,500	9	0.146			
Saiyeda Zeinah	78,300	4	0.051			procession
Khalîfa	55,200	1	0.018			
Helwân	41,090	4	0.097		gar-resident.	
Darb el Ahmar	69,400	1	0.014			
Gamâlîya	58,400	3	0.051			
Shubra	84,800	8	0.094		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	properties
Bulâq	94,800	2	0.021			an extendit commit
Old Cairo	33,100					
Wâili	75,800	18	0.532			_
Totals for Cairo	807,090	68	0.084	2	0.002	2.9

Diphtheria.—The total number of cases recorded in 1922 was 418 as compared with 438 in 1921. This gives a rate of 0.517 per thousand of population.

The total number of deaths was 146 giving a death-rate of 0·180 per thousand of population and a ratio of 34·9 per hundred cases notified. Out of the total deaths 122 were found dead.

The highest case-rate occurred in Khalîfa being 0.960 per thousand of population.

TABLE XIII.—DIPHTHERIA CASE AND DEATH-RATES IN CAIRO DISTRICTS IN 1922.

District.	Population.	Number of Cases recorded.	Cases recorded per Thousand of Population.	Number of Deaths,	Death-rate per Thousand of Population.	Ratio of Deaths to Cases recorded.
Mûsky Bâb el Sha'rîya Ezbekîya 'Abdîn Saiyeda Zeinab Khalîfa Helwân Darb el Ahnuar Gamâlîya Shubra Bulâq Old Cairo Wâili	24,200 66,200 64,300 61,500 78,300 55,200 41,090 69,400 58,400 84,800 94,800 33,100 75,800	10 11 28 38 54 53 16 49 17 38 38 9 57	0·413 0·166 0·435 0·617 0·689 0·960 0·389 0·706 0·291 0·448 0·400 0·271 0·751	3 7 4 12 18 16 3 2 9 16 16 3 14	0·123 0·105 0·062 0·195 0·229 0·289 0·073 0·360 0·154 0·188 0·168 0·090 0·184	Per Cent. 30.0 63.6 14.3 31.6 33.3 30.2 18.7 51.0 52.9 42.1 42.1 33.3 24.6
Totals for Cairo	807,090	418	0.517	146	0.180	34.9

Typhoid Fever.—The total number of cases notified during the year was 859 as against 669 in 1921. This compares satisfactorily with the average number recorded during the previous eight years, this average being 1,372.

The case-rate for the year was therefore 1,064 per thousand of population. The number of deaths from this disease was 226, of which 195 were found dead.

The death-rate was 0.280 per thousand of population and the ratio of deaths to cases notified was 26.3 per cent.

The highest case-rate occurred in Ezbekîya with 2·286 per thousand of population. See Table XIV, Figure VI and Chart X. The cases were distributed as follows:

644	Natives. 8	French.	30	Italians.
47	Syrians. 5	Austrians.	1	German.
24	Jews.	Belgian.	6	Americans.
14	Armenians. 1	Dutch.	1	Bulgarian.
16	Swiss. 43	Greeks.	1	Swede.
	16	British.	1	Russian.

A further analysis shows that the 859 cases were divided as follows:—

*808 cases occurred in 808 separate families.

42 ,, ,, ,, 21 families (i.e. 2 in one family).

9 ,, ,, ,, (i.e. 3 in one family).

859

That is to say out of the 859 cases occurring in 832 families, only 27 apparently may have contracted the disease as contacts.

Even in these cases the source of infection might have been the same.

TABLE XIV.—TYPHOID FEVER CASE AND DEATH-RATES IN CAIRO DISTRICTS IN 1922.

District.	Population.	Number of Cases Recorded.	Cases recorded per Thousand of Population.	Number of Deaths.	Death-rate per Thousand of Population.	Ratio of Deaths to Cases recorded:
						per Cent.
Mûsky	24,200	35	1.446	6	0.247	17.1
Bâb el Sha ^c rîya	66,200	34	0.213	7	0.105	20.6
Ezbekîya	64,300	147	2•286	20	0.311	13.6
A bdîn	61,500	88	1:430	. 16	0.260	18•2
Saiyeda Zeinab	78,300	73	0.932	20	0.255	27.4
Khalîfa	55,200	49	0.887	24	0.434	49.()
Helwân	41,090	21	0.519	2	0.048	9.5
Darb el Ahmar	69,400	51	0.734	, 14	0.201	27.4
Gamâlîya	58,400	26	0.445	3	0.051	11.5
Shubra	84,800	90	1.061	21	0.247	23.3
Bulâq	94,800	101	1.065	59	0.622	58.4
Old Cairo	33,100	12	0.362	6	0.181	50.0
Wâili	75,800	132	1.741	28	0.369	21.2
Totals for Cairo	807,090	859	1.064	226	0.280	26•3

Typhus Fever.—The total number of cases recorded during the year was 183 which is the lowest total during the last nine years. The average number of cases during these years was 1,450, the highest total being 4,825 and the lowest 351 (excluding the present year).

The case-rate per thousand of population was 0,226. 113 cases were diagnosed after death.

^{* 6} of the 808 cases occurred in 3 buildings, 2 in each building.

There were 124 deaths which gives a death-rate of 0·153 per thousand of population and a ratio of deaths to cases recorded of 67·8 per cent.

The highest case-rate was in Gamâlîya with 0.462 per thousand of population.

The delousing measures, commenced in 1920, were of course continued and now form a part of the ordinary routine.

Table XV, Figure VII and Chart XI.

Table XV.—Typhus Fever Case and Death-Rates in Cairo Districts in 1922.

DISTRICT.	Population.	Number of Cases recorded.	Cases recorded per Thousand of Population.	Number of Deaths.	Death-rate per Thousand of Population.	Ratio of Deaths to Cases recorded. Per Cent.
Mûsky Bab el Sha'rîya Ezbekîya 'Abdîn Saiyeda Zeinab Khalîfa Helwân Darb el Ahmar Gamâlîya Shubra Bûlâq Old Cairo Wâili	24,200 66,200 64,300 61,500 78,300 55,200 41,090 69,400 58,400 84,800 94,800 33,100 75,800	6 7 12 17 10 14 3 21 27 19 27 4 16	0·247 0·105 0·186 0·276 0·127 0·253 0·073 0·302 0·462 0·224 0·284 0·120 0·211	2 6 6 11 5 12 2 14 24 10 20 2 10	0.082 0.090 0.093 0.178 0.063 0.217 0.048 0.201 0.410 0.117 0.210 0.060 0.131	33·3 85·7 50·0 64·7 50·0 85·7 66·7 66·7 88·9 52·6 74·1 50·0 62·5
Totals for Cairo	807,090	183	0.226	124	0.153	67.8

Relapsing Fever.—There is little to be said about this disease which was quite insignificant this year. Only 13 cases were recorded with 4 deaths

The case-rate was 0.016 per thousand of population and the death-rate 0.004.

The ratio of deaths to cases recorded was 30.8 per cent.

Table XVI, Figure VIII and Chart XII.

TABLE XV1.—RELAPSING FEVER CASE AND DEATH-RATES IN CAIRO DISTRICTS IN 1922.

DISTRICTS.	Population.	Number of Cases recorded.	Cases recorded per Thousand of Population.	Number of Deaths.	Death-rate per Thousand of Population.	Ratio of Deaths to Cases recorded. Per Cent.
Mûsky Bâb el Sha'rîya. Ezbekîya 'Abdîn Saiyeda Zeinab. Khalîfa Helwân Darb el Ahmar. Gamâlîya Shubra Bulâq Old Cairo	24,200 66,200 64,300 61,500 78,300 55,200 41,090 69,400 58,400 84,800 94,800 33,100	1 -2 -1 -4 -3 -1	0.041 0.031 0.018 0.057 0.035 0.030		().057	100·0
Wâili	807,090	13	0.013		0.004	30.8

Cerebro-Spinal Fever.—There were 8 cases of this disease during the year as compared with 14 in 1921 and 28 in 1920.

It is moreover the lowest total during the last nine years. The number of deaths was 6. The case and death-rates therefore were 0.009 and 0.007 respectively per thousand of population.

Out of the total number of cases 5 were diagnosed after death. Table XVII, Figure IX and Chart XIII.

TABLE XVII.—CEREBRO-SPINAL FEVER CASE AND DEATH-RATES IN CAIRO DISTRICTS IN 1922.

District.	Population.	Number of Cases Recorded.	Cases recorded per Thousand of Population.	Number of Deaths.	Death-rate per Thousand of Population,	Ratio of Deaths to Cases recorded.
Mûsky Bâb el Sha'rîya Ezbekîya 'Abdîn Saiyeda Zeinab Khalîfa Helwân Darb el Ahmar Gamâlîya Shubra Bulâq Old Cairo	24,200 66,200 64,300 61,500 78,300 55,200 41,090 69,400 58,400 84,800 94,800 94,800 75,800	1 1 1 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 2	0·041 0·015 0·016 	1 1 1 - - 1	0·041 0·015 0·016 — 0·024 — 0·011 — 0·030	Per Cent. 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0
Totals for Cairo	807,090	8	0.000	G	0.007	75.0

Puerperal Fever.—The total number of deaths from purpueral fever during 1922 was 58 out of which 55 were among natives and 3 among Europeans.

There were, however, 27 deaths which occurred within a fortnight of confinement which, if added to the others, would make a total of 85.

The causes of these 27 deaths are given as: abortion 3. hæmorrhage 8, difficult labour 2, eclampsia 5, peritonitis 3. nephritis 1. dysentery 1, uræmia 2, enteritis 1, and heart failure 1.

The death-rate of the cases of puerperal fever was, therefore, 0.074 per thousand of population or 1.394 per thousand births. If the 27 deaths which occurred within a fortnight be added, the death-rate will be 2,043 per thousand of population or 0.109 per thousand births. Table XVIII.

TABLE XVIII.—PUERPERAL FEVER, 1914-1922.

YEAR.	Deaths from Puerperal Fever.	Deaths within a Fortnight of Confine- ment.	Total Maternal Deaths.	Death-rate of Puerperal Fever per Thousand of Population.	Death-rate of Puerperal Fever Deaths per Thou- sand Births.	Maternal Deaths	Death-rate of all Maternal Deaths per Thousand Births.
1914	48	30	78	0.066	1:532	0·107	2·490
	85	32	117	0.115	2:839	0·159	3·903
	75	29	104	0.113	2:406	0·140	3·336
	55	27	82	0.073	1:766	0·109	2·607
	85	31	116	0.112	3:030	0·152	4·135
	55	25	80	0.072	1:720	0·105	2·502
	48	30	78	0.062	1:333	0·102	2·170
	60	28	88	0.078	1:625	0·115	2·381
	58	27	85	0.074	1:394	0·109	2·043

Influenza.—The total number of cases notified during 1922 was 1,461 as against 1,479 in 1921 and 1,587 in 1920.

This gives a case-rate of 1,812 per thousand of population as against 1,862 in 1921 and 2,019 in 1920.

The number of deaths attributed to this disease was 82 which gives a death-rate of 0·101 per thousand of population as compared with 0·138 in 1921.

The number of deaths from all respiratory diseases, excluding pulmonary tuberculosis, was 4.621 out of which 1,900 were due to pneumonia, 2,559 to bronchitis, 24 to pleurisy, and 138 to other respiratory diseases.

Of the 1,900 deaths from pneumonia no less than 1,275 were children up to 5 years of age, 159 from over 5 to 15, 170 from over 15 to 35 and 296 over 35.

Table XIX shows the comparison of deaths from influenza and those from pneumonia and other respiratory diseases.

TABLE XIX.—INFLUENZA AND RESPIRATORY DISEASES, 1922.

	WEEK ENDING	Influenza Cases.	Deaths from Influenza.	Deaths from Pneumonia and Broncho-Pneumonia.	Deaths from all Respiratory Diseases, excluding Broucho-Preumonia.		WEEK ENDI	NG .	Influenza Cases.	beaths from Influenza.	beaths from Pucunonia and Broncho-Pucunonia.	Deaths from all Respiratory Discuses, excluding Broucho-Pucumonia.
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26	January 7 " 14 " 21 28 February 4 " 11 " 18 25 March 4 " 11 " 25 April 1 " 22 " 29 May 6 " 20 June 3 " 20 June 3 " 21 " 20 June 3 " 24 July 1	24 21 18 30 26 25 48 87 139 132 121 70 61 31 24 24 22 13 12 14 17 13 25	$-\frac{3}{2}$ $-\frac{4}{2}$ $-\frac{2}{2}$ $-\frac{1}{2}$	26 25 26 26 27 31 28 20 32 37 36 44 32 33 32 39 39 39 39 39 36 34 45 46	77 70 87 101 93 98 75 105 107 138 134 127 97 84 98 97 100 80 98 120 125 111	27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 49 50 51 52	July "August " Septemb " " October " " Novemb " " " Decembe	9 16 23 30 7 14 21 28 er 4 11 25	18 17 13 17 13 18 17 14 20 6 16 13 13 13 22 14 15 36 13 15 19 20 19 12 18		26 40 50 52 36 42 58 49 38 21 20 20 17 22 21 23 54 44 56 52 56 66	83 95 109 92 95 84 88 80 59 60 60 60 59 47 48 57 52 41 70 73 95 80 96 110 108 120
						T	OTALS	•••	1,461	82	1,900	4,621

Encephalitis Lethargica.—There were 3 cases notified during the year all of whom died.

Case.	Date of Notification.	Date of Onset.	Age.	Sex.	Nationality.	District,	Result.
1	July, 16	July, 7	2	Female	Greek	Mûsky	Death (July, 20)
2	Dec., 24	Dec., 12	50	Male	Armenian	Ezbekîya	" (Dec. 24)
3	Dec., 29	Dec., 22	30	,,	Italian	Darb el Ahmar	,, (., 30)

Case Mortality of Infectious Disease.—For the benefit of readers of this report, who are unfamiliar with the conditions under which work is carried on in this country, it would perhaps be as well to say a few words with regard to the figures shown for case-mortality which must appear to be enormous.

The fact is that the notification of infectious disease is very defective. Many doctors are lax in the performance of this legal obligation. In a very great number of cases (see Table XX, also Table XVII in Death Inquiries) no doctor is called in during life, the disease being diagnosed only after death. Cases of recovery from the disease unattended by a doctor never come to our knowledge. The degree to which the case-mortality figures are affected by this state of affairs varies according to the nature of the disease. For example the case-mortality figure for smallpox is probably nearly correct but that for measles is very much higher than the fact, the reason being that smallpox makes its existence so

evident that it cannot well be concealed and notification of cases which eventually recover takes place to a far greater extent than occurs with regard to other diseases such as measles.

Again, as all foreigners call in a doctor to attend their sick, those diseases to which foreigners appear to be more susceptible than natives—such as scarlet fever—are likely to be better notified. The case-mortality figures for such diseases will therefore be less widely in error.

Table XX.—Deaths from Infectious Diseases in 1922 compared with 1914-1921.

Diseases.	Number of Cases notified in 1922.	Number of Deaths in 1922.	Number of Cases Diagnosed after Death in 1922.	Average Number of Cases notified 1914–1921.	Ratio of Deaths to Cases in 1922.	Average Ratio of Deaths to Cases 1914–1921.
Smallpox Measles Scarlet Fever Diphtheria Typhoid Fever Typhus Fever Relapsing Fever C'erebro-Spinal Fever TOTALS	24 982 68 418 859 183 13 8	10 322 2 146 226 124 4 6	8 322 1 122 195 113 4 5	377 697 88 773 1,372 1,917 483 42 5,749	Per Cent. 41.7 33.8 2.9 34.9 26.3 67.8 30.8 75.0	23.3 38.9 9.0 36.2 31.2 55.0 6.5 55.2

DISINFECTION SERVICE.

The total number of rooms disinfected during 1922 was 19,148. Of this total 8, 771 were done by the Abbasîya Service and 10,377 by the Fum el Khalig Staff.

This makes an average of 24 rooms per day for Abbasîya and 28.4 for Fum el Khalig. Of the total number of rooms disinfected 11,407 were treated by Sublimate solution, 6,549 by Cyllin, 861 by Formalin and 331 by Petroleum Emulsion.

In addition there were 105,547 articles of clothing removed to the two Stations for disinfection by steam. Of this total 69,934 articles were disinfected at Abbasîya and 35,613 at Fum el Khalig.

Delousing.—The total number of contacts of typhus and relapsing fever who were deloused during the year was 1,214 of which 680 were males and 534 females.

III.—GOVERNMENT FEVER HOSPITAL, ABBASIYA.

The carrying out of the building programme of the hospital has been resumed.

The Epidemic Cordon was completed and consists of spacious pavilions twelve in number with walls of asbestos-cement sheeting. Each group of four pavilions has its own equipment store. Sufficient special latrine accommodation is also provided. The cordon is therefore self-contained.

The construction of the following buildings was commenced and good progress was made by the end of the year:—

House for Medical Officers. New Administration Block.

New First Class Patients' Pavilion.

Garage for motor ambulances with benzine store and rest-room for nobatchi chauffeur.

IV.—SUMMARY OF ADMISSIONS.

During the year 1922 there were 1,705 admissions to the Government Fever Hospital as compared with 1,983 in 1921. Of these admissions 1,328 were males and 377 were females. Table XXI.

The number of patients admitted each month was as follows: 98 in January, 107 in February, 177 in March, 116 in April, 124 in May, 172 in June, 188 in July, 196 in August, 151 in September, 168 in October, 113 in November and 95 in December. Table XXII.

The admissions consisted of 12 smallpox, 19 of chickenpox, 40 of measles, 7 of scarlet fever, (221 typhoid fever+11 paratyphoid=232), 66 of typhus, 7 of relapsing fever, 6 of cerebro-spinal fever, 39 of diphtheria, 30 of mumps, 834 of influenza, 4 of erysipelas and 1 whooping cough. In addition 262 other cases were sent to hospital under a mistaken diagnosis of infectious disease and 24 persons were sent in under observation in whom no disease of any sort manifested itself. 123 mothers of young children and other persons also accompanied patients. Tables XXI and XXIII.

The 261 cases sent to hospital under a mistaken diagnosis of infectious diseases were found on examination to consist of 41 gastro-enteritis, 24 of malaria, 19 of pneumonia, 7 of bronchitis, 15 of tuberculosis, 30 of tonsilitis, 13 of dysentery, 7 of rheumatism, 12 of various skin diseases and 93 other cases of a most diverse nature consisting of hernia, kidney disease, tumours, heart disease, etc.

Of the 1,705 admissions 42 were first class, 160 second class and 1,503 third class. Table XXIII.

The admissions from the eight principal notifiable diseases (smallpox, measles, scarlet fever, diphtheria, typhoid fever, typhus fever, the relapsing and cerebro-spinal fever) were 417.

There were 136 deaths in Hospital during 1922, or estimated on the 1,705 admissions, 8 per cent of the cases admitted.

Of these, there were 24 caused by typhus, with a case mortality of 36.4 per cent, 52 by typhoid with a case mortality of 23.5 per cent, 6 by influenza with a case mortality of 0.7 per cent, 13 by dyphtheria with a case mortality of 33.3 per cent, 1 by smallpox with a case mortality of 8.3 per cent, 4 by cerebro-spinal fever with a case mortality of 66.7 per cent. Table XXIV.

The high mortality in typhoid, typhus and diphtheria is due to the fact that patients suffering from these diseases were admitted to the hospital in a very advanced condition and did not therefore benefit by the treatment.

The high mortality in cerebro-spinal fever is also misleading on account of two factors:
(1) The number of patients suffering from this disease was very small (6), (2) 4 of these who died were admitted in the last stage and expired a few hours after their admission.

By deducting the number of patients who died within 2 or 3 days of their admission from the total number of deaths in each of the above-mentioned diseases, the death-rate will be as follows:—

Typhoid: total number of deaths 52. Of these 17 died within 2 or 3 days of their admission, remain 35, i.e., a mortality of 15 per cent.

Typhus: total number of deaths 24. Of these 12 died within 2 or 3 days of their

admission, remain 12, i.e., a mortality of 18 per cent.

Diphtheria: total number of deaths 13. Of these 8 died within 2 or 3 days of their admission, remain 5, i.e., a mortality of 15 per cent.

C'erebro-spinal fever: total number of deaths 4, of whom 2 died a few hours after admission, remain 2. i.e., a mortality of 33·3 per cent.

In addition there were 31 amongst patients sent in under a mistaken diagnosis of various infectious diseases and whose condition on arrival did not permit of a refusal of admission.

These are 2 concussion of brain, 3 nephritis, 2 septicæmia, 3 senility. 2 encephelomyelitis, 3 tetanus, 1 tuberculosis, 5 enteritis and 10 pneumonia.

Included amongst the 1,503 third class patients were 22 sick convicts from Cairo Prisons. Of these, 6 were suffering from typhoid, 1 from typhus, 8 from influenza, 2 from mumps, 1 from pneumonia, 1 from tuberculosis, 2 from enteritis and 1 from tonsilitis.

Of the convict patients 3 died, death being due to typhoid in 2 cases, and to enteritis in 1. Table XXV.

The convict mortality was therefore 13.6 per cent of the total number of convicts admitted in 1922. Table XXVI.

TABLE XXI.—GOVERNMENT FEVER HOSPITAL.

MALE AND FEMALE PATIENTS ADMITTED EACH MONTH AND THE DISEASES FOR WHICH
THEY WERE ADMITTED IN 1922.

					2.0	er.		rer.	rever.					es.	res.	Sick.	ver.	ver.	
Month.	Sex.	Smallpox.	Chicken-pox.	Measles.	Scarlet Fever.	Typhoid Fever.	Typhus Fever.	Relapsing Fever.	Cerebro-spinul Fever.	Diphtheria.	Mumps.	Influenza.	Erysipelas.	Other Diseases.	Observation Cases.	Persons accompanying	Paratyphoid Fever.	Para-Multa Fever.	Total.
January	Male Female		1			1	2		1	1 2	1	57 6		12 5		-4		_	79 19
February {	Male Female	***************************************	yeared -			5 1	3		1	1	<u>-</u> 5	51 7		15 7		1 5	2		78 29
March {	Male Female		3 2		1	83	ნ 3	1	_	3		103	er denomination	15 5		$\frac{2}{13}$	1		140 37
April	Male Female	_	2 2			8	8	_1	1	1	1	37 6	1	20	4	2 11		_	87 29
May {	Male Female	- 5		8 5	2	12	7 1	2		3	=	44	1	8	.1	5 1	1		95 29
June {	Male Female	2 1	3	3	1	19 5	5	1		_	2	81 9	1	13 4	3	- 13	1		131 41
July {	Male Female	1 3	$-\frac{1}{2}$	14	1	21 16	1			3	.1	73 3		21	1	1 17			140 48
August {	Male Female					23 10	9	2	1	1	2	94	all-schools	17 9	-1	$\frac{1}{10}$	1 2		153 43
September {	Male Female			1		25 6	3				3	68 2		18	3	1 9	1		122 29
October {	Male Female				_	21 2	4			2	6	76 4		35 5	1	18	_		146 22
November {	Male Female					14	_		- 1	- 1		- 1			1	10			85 28
December {	Male Female		$\frac{2}{1}$	1	1	7 2	3 2		_	3 2	_	39 5	_	13	1	1 8	1	_	72 23
Тотан {	Male Female	3 9	9	29 11	3 1	167 54	51 15	7	<u>-</u>	16 23	21 9	771 63	3	202 60	21 3	14 109	7		1,328 377
'[OTALS	12	19	40	7	221	66	7	6	39	30	834	4	262	24	123	11	4 600 years	1,705

Table XXII.—Government Fever Hospital. Admissions per Month by Classes and Sex during 1922.

Admissions	 		1,705
Male	 • • •		1,328
Female	 		377
First Class	 	• • •	42
Second Class	 		160

Third (Class		 • • •	• • •	1,503
Cured		• • •	 		1,542
Died		• • •	 • • •	• • •	136
Unreli	ev e d		 • • •		27

		SE	ex.		CLASS.	
Month.	TOTAL.	Male.	Female.	First.	Second.	Third.
January	98	79	19	1	15	82
February	107	78	29	2	6	99
March	177	140	37	. 7	16	154
April	116	87	29	3	12	101
May	124	95	29	8	10	106
June	172	131	41	2	16	154
July	188	140	48	7	20	161
August	196	153	43	7	15	174
September	151	122	29	0	9	142
October	168	1.46	22	4	12	152
November	113	85	28	0	14	99
December	95	72	23	1	15	79
Total	1,705	1,328	377	42	160	1,503

TABLE XXIII.—GOVERNMENT FEVER HOSPITAL. Admissions by Classes per Month and the Diseases for which they were admitted during 1922.

DURING 1922.																			
Month.	CLASS.	Smallpox.	Chicken-pox.	Measles.	Scarlet Fever.	Typhoid Fever.	Typhus Fever.	Relapsing Fever.	Cerebro-spinal Fever.	Diphtheria.	Mumps.	Influenza.	Erysipelas.	Other Diseases.	Observation Cases.	Persons accompanying Sick	Paratyphoid Fever.	Para-Malta Fever.	TOTAL.
January	First Second Third			_		1 -4			_ 1 _	$-\frac{2}{1}$	<u>-</u>		_	$\frac{-1}{16}$		4	_ _1 _		$\begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 15 \\ 82 \end{array}$
February {	First Second Third	_ _ _	_ _ 1		<u> </u>	$\frac{1}{5}$	1 _4		<u>-</u>	1 -		$\frac{-1}{57}$	— — —	$\frac{-}{20}$		$-\frac{2}{4}$		_	$\begin{array}{c} 2\\6\\99\end{array}$
March {	First Second Third	<u> </u>	$-\frac{1}{4}$	 1 1	<u> </u>	1 2 8	2 1 6	<u>_</u>		$-\frac{2}{2}$		$\frac{-}{3}$ 105	— —	- 4 16	_	2 3 10	1 —	_	$\begin{array}{c} 7 \\ 16 \\ 154 \end{array}$
A pril {	First Second Third	_		<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	1 8	1 1 9	<u> </u>	1 —			$\frac{-}{43}$		$\frac{-}{3}$ 20	- 1 3	1 4 8	_	_	3 12 101
May {	First Second Third	$\frac{2}{1}$	_	$\frac{2}{11}$			$\begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 1 \\ 6 \end{array}$			$\begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 1 \\ 2 \end{array}$			_ _1 _	$\frac{1}{8}$	<u>-</u>	3 3	<u> </u>	_	8 10 106
\mathbf{June} $\left\{ \begin{array}{ccc} \mathbf{June} \end{array} \right.$	First Second Third	$-\frac{1}{2}$	_ 	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	$\frac{-}{7}$		1 —		<u>-</u>	$-\frac{1}{2}$	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	1 1 15	<u>-</u>	$-\frac{7}{6}$	$\frac{-}{1}$	_	2 16 154
July {	First Second Third	$\frac{-}{3}$	 1 1	$\frac{-1}{13}$	<u>-</u>	$\begin{array}{c} 3 \\ 10 \\ 24 \end{array}$		<u> </u>		$-\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{3}$	$\frac{-1}{75}$		$-\frac{1}{24}$	_ 	2 5 11	— —	— —	7 20 161
August $\left\{ \begin{array}{c} \end{array} \right.$	First Second Third	<u> </u>	 	_		5 5 23	1 1 8		<u>-</u>	$-\frac{1}{2}$	3	$\frac{-1}{99}$	_	$\frac{-}{4}$	<u>-</u> 5	$\begin{array}{c c} 1\\ 3\\ 6 \end{array}$	_ 		7 15 174
September {	First Second Third	- 	— — —	<u>-</u>	<u> </u>	$\frac{-}{5}$	1 3			$-\frac{1}{4}$		$\frac{-2}{68}$			<u>-</u>		<u>_</u>		$\begin{array}{c c} - & 9 \\ 142 & \end{array}$
October $\left\{ \right.$	First Second Third		 	<u>-</u>		$\begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 2 \\ 20 \end{array}$	— 1 4		<u></u>		<u>-</u>	$\frac{-}{80}$		$\begin{array}{c} 2 \\ 6 \\ 32 \end{array}$	<u> </u>	1 2 6	_	_	4 12 152
$\mathbf{November} \; \left\{ \right.$	First Second Third	 	_			$\frac{-}{2}$	_		<u> </u>	$-\frac{2}{5}$		<u>-</u>		 8 15	<u> </u>	$\begin{bmatrix} -2\\ 8 \end{bmatrix}$			— 14 99
December {	First Second Third	_ 	_ 	<u></u> 1	_ 1 _					1 3 1		$-\frac{2}{42}$		$-\frac{1}{15}$	_ _ . 1	- 1 8	<u>-</u>		1 15 79
Total $\dots \left\{ \right.$	First Second Third	$\begin{bmatrix} 2\\3\\7 \end{bmatrix}$	1. 3 15	2 3 35		12 38 171	5 10 51	$-\frac{1}{6}$	1 1 4	$\begin{array}{c} 4\\13\\22\end{array}$	$\frac{1}{29}$			$\frac{4}{31}$ 227		7 37 79	2 1 8		$\begin{vmatrix} 42 \\ 100 \\ 1,503 \end{vmatrix}$
	Totals	12	19	40	7	221	66	7	6	39	30	834	4	262	24	123	11		1.705

Table XXIV.—Government Fever Hospital. Monthly Mortality Incidence in 1922.

Month.	Smallpox.	Chicken-pox.	Measles.	Scarlet fever.	Typhoid Fever.	Typhus Fever.	Relapsing Fever.	Cerebro-spinal Fever.	Diphtheria.	Mumps.	Influenza.	Erysipelas.	Other Diseases.	Pneumonia.	Tuberculosis.	Tetanus.	Para Malta.	TOTAL.
January			_		1	1		_	1	_	_	_	_	1	_	1		5
February			_		2	1		1	_	_			1		_			5
March			_		3	2	_		1	—	3		1	1	1			12
April	_	_	_		1	6	—	_	1	-	1	_	1	1	_			11
May		_	_	_	_	5	—	1	1	-	_	<u> </u>		_	-		_	7
June	1		1		4	2	_	_	-	_	1	—	1	1	_		_	11
July		_	1	_	12	2	_	—	1	—	1	—	7	1			_	25
August		—	1		14	2	_	1	2	1	_	-	1	1		_		23
September	_	_	1	_	7	1	_	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>			-	_		2		11
October	_	_	_	—	3	1	_	_	3		-		3	1			_	11
November		_		-		_		1	2	—	_	—	1	1	_			5
December	_	_	_		5	1			1	_	_	_	1	2	_	_	_	10
Total	1		4		52	24		4	13	1	6		17	10	1	3		136

TABLE XXV.—MONTHLY CONVICT ADMISSIONS AND CONVICT DISEASES IN 1922.

Month.	Typhus Fever.	Typhoid Fever.	Influenza.	Mumps.	Pneumonia.	Phthisis.	Enteritis.	Tonsilitis.	TOTAL.
January	1	1	1	1	1	1			6
February	_	_	_	_	_	_	2		2
March		1	4	-	_	_	_	1	6
April		!		_		_		_	0
May			1.			_		<u> </u>	1
June	_	1			_	_	_		1
July	-	1		1	_		_		2
August	-		1		_	_	- 1		1
September	_			_	_				_
October	_	1	_	_		_	_		1
November			_	_	-	_	_	_	
December	_	1	1	_		_	_		2
Total	1	(;	8	2	1	1	2	1	22

TABLE XXVI.—MONTHLY CONVICT MORTALITY AND CAUSES OF DEATH IN 1922.

	Dise	Diseases.						
Month.	Typhoid	Enteritis.	Total.					
January								
February								
March			_					
April		1	1					
May			_					
June			_					
July		_	<u> </u>					
August								
September		_	alannah					
October	1	_	1					
November								
December	1		1					
Total	2	1	3					

V.—AMBULANCE SERVICE.

During 1922 there were 1,226 calls made on the Ambulance Service as against 1,570 in 1921.

Of this total 1,033 journeys were made by the Motor Ambulances, 10 by the second class ambulance, 26 by the third class and 157 by the Hooded Carts.

DEATH INQUIRIES.

The total number of uncertified deaths during 1922 which required to be investigated was 17,951 as against 15,582 in 1921. The proportion, therefore, of uncertified deaths to the total Cairo deaths (i.e. 26,692) was 67·2 per cent as against 66·1 per cent in 1921. Out of the 17,951 uncertified deaths 12,005 were investigated by the District Medical Officers, that is 66·9 per cent, 4,874 or 27·1 per cent were inquired into by the District kablas, 1,019 or 5·7 per cent by the Sanitary Barbers and 53 or 0·3 per cent by the village dayas.

Therefore the daily average of inquiries was 49·2, the average per day for the Medical Officers being 32·9, for the hakimas 13·2, for the village barbers 2·7, and for the village dayas 0·1.

As in 1921 the largest number of inquiries were made by the Medical Officer of Khalîfa who investigated 1,563 deaths, whilst again the *hakima* of Bulâq I had the largest record having made 1,813 inquiries. Table XXVII.

VACCINATIONS.

The total number of vaccinations carried out during 1922 by the District Medical Officers and those of the Inspectorate was 42,868. Of this total 37,650 were primary vaccinations, 37,049 of which were among natives and 601 among foreigners.

The remaining 5,137 were secondary vaccinations of contacts of smallpox or of persons voluntarily applying for this.

Table XXVII.—Distribution of Uncertified Deaths and Death Inquiries in the Various Districts in 1922.

			Unce	RTIFIED D	EATHS.		aths
DISTRICT.	All Deaths.	Investigated by District Medical Officers.	Investigated by District Kablas.	Investigated by Village Sanitary Barbers.	Investigated by Village Dâyas.	District Totals.	Percentage of Deaths Uncertified.
·							Per Cent.
Mûsky Bâb el Sha'rîya Ezbekîya 'Abdîn Saiyeda Zeinab Helwân Khalîfa Darb el Ahmar Gamâlîya Shubra Bûlâq Bûlâq II Old Cairo Wâili 'Abbâsîya	$ \begin{array}{c} 679 \\ 2,153 \\ 1,460 \\ 1,804 \\ 2,622 \\ 280 \\ 2,233 \\ 2,215 \\ 2,120 \\ 2,968 \\ \end{array} $ $ \begin{array}{c} 4,140 \\ 1,536 \\ 2,482 \\ \end{array} $	$\begin{bmatrix} 249 \\ 1,044 \\ 264 \\ 963 \\ 927 \\ 154 \\ 1,563 \\ 1,132 \\ 1,073 \\ 1,318 \\ 458 \\ 808 \\ 1,016 \\ 305 \\ 731 \\ \end{bmatrix}$	30 162 116 164 700 17 277 314 254 248 1,813 373 257 23 126	572 — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	- - - - - - 9 - - 44 -	279 1,206 380 1,127 1,627 171 1,840 1,446 1,327 2,147 2,271 1,181 1,273 819 857	41·1 56·0 26·0 62·5 62·0 61·1 82·4 65·3 62·6 72·3 } 83·4 82·9 } 67·5
Totals for Cairo	26,692	12,005	4,874	1,019	53	17,951	67.2

VI.—PASSENGER AND PILGRIM CONTROL SERVICE.

(a) Passenger Service.

During 1922 there was a large increase of passengers from infected countries as compared with recent years.

The total number arriving in Cairo was 12,595, that is to say nearly four thousand more than in 1921.

Out of this total, 8,963 or 71·2 per cent came *via* Alexandria, 2,213 or 17·6 per cent *via* Port Said and 1,419 or 11·3 per cent *via* Suez.

Out of the 12,595 passengers, 10,737 or 85·2 per cent were observed during the whole regular period of observation, 1,323 or 10·5 per cent could only be observed part of the period, and 535 or 4·2 per cent could not be traced.

The majority of the passengers consisted of refugees coming from Turkey (4,347), Greece (2,711) and Syria (3,032). Tables XXVIII and XXIX.

There were also 9,862 Egyptian labourers coming from the Canal Zone.

Out of this total 9,066 or 91.9 per cent were observed whilst 796 or 8.1 per cent could not be traced.

Besides this total there were 983 labourers who came up for observation but who had not been notified to the Inspectorate. Table XXX.

(b) PILGRIM SERVICE.

The total number of passports issued by the Governorate during 1922 was 373. Out of this number, 353 returned and underwent the necessary period of observation, 7 died during the pilgrimage, 11 remained behind, 1 was untraced and 1 did not leave Cairo.

There were besides 117 Government employees who were attached to the Mahmal. Of these, 116 returned and were observed whilst 1 never left Cairo. Table XXXI.

Table XXIX.—Number of Passengers from Foreign Countries under Medical Observation who arrived in Cairo during 1922.

		d									
	Count	ries			Via Alexandria.	Via Port Said.	Via Port Suez.	Total.	Observed.	Not traced.	Left before completion of observation.
Turkey			•••		4,012	333	2	4,347			
Greece	• • •	• • •	•••	• • •	2,698	13	_	2,711			
Syria	•••	• • •		• • •	2,212	795	25	3,032			
Black Se	a	• • •	•••	• • •	11		_	11			
Mesopota	mia	• • •	• • •	•••		65	15	80			
Palestine	•••	• • •	• • •	•••	_	13	_	13			
Cyprus	•••	• • •	• • •	•••	_	55	-	55			
Red Sea	•••	• • •	• • •	• • •		166	72 9	895			
South Af	rica	• • •	• • •	• • •		5	13	18			
India	• • •	• • •	•••	• • •	_	584	197	781			
China		• • •	• • •	•••	_	80	2	82			
Japan	•••	• • •	•••	• • •	_	56	428	484			
America	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	30	_	2	32			
Australia	•••	• • •	•••	•••		48	6	54			
	Т	otal	•••	• • •	8,963	2,213	1,419	12,595	10,737	535	1,323

TABLE XXVIII.—NEW ARRIVALS FROM FOREIGN

				7	VIA A	LEXA	NDRIA.									V	IA PO
			C	OUNTRI													Co
Month.	Number of Passengers.	Turkey.	Greere.	Syria.	Black Sea.	America.	Observed.	Untraced.	Left before completion of Observation.	. Number of Passengers.	Turkey.	Greece.	Syria.	Red Sea.	Mesopotamia.	Palestine.	Cyprus.
																	٠
January	509	152	337	20			481	24	4	201	24		86			_	
February	462	109	324	29	_		426	30	6	267	12		122	5	_		
March	2,426	999	292	1,135			1,413	16	997	176		_	64	4	5		
A pril	279	119	128	32			232	2	45	173	18		76		_	_	
Мау	16 6	124	12	30			162		4	103	25	—	30		_	_	
June	187	111	52	24			174	6	7	113	44	3	18	4	1		
July	222	158	50	14			213	5	4	145	10	9	97			6	
August	857	208	115	534	_		839	7	11	76	22		34	—	1	-	
September	917	5 32	243	139	3		901	13	3	122	18	_	58		_		
October	1.294	601	565	95	3	30	1,280	8	6	350	101	1	45	146			23
November	883	382	430	66	5		857	7	19	337	36		139	7	53	7	32
December	761	517	15 0	94	_		741	11	9	150	23		26		5		
Total	8,963	4,012	2,698	2,212	11	30	7,719	129	1115	2,213	333	13	795	166	65	13	55

COUNTRIES UNDER MEDICAL OBSERVATION IN 1922.

AID.												V	IA PO	RT SUI	EZ.					
les.							of					Cou	NTRIES	S.						JC JC
India.	China.	Japan.	South Africa.	Australia.	Observed.	Untraced.	Left Before completion Observation.	Number of Passengers.	Red Sca.	India.	China.	Japan.	Turkey.	Syria.	Mesopotamia.	America,	Australia.	Observed.	Untraced.	Left Before completion of Observation.
79	1		_	11	167	34	_	58.	41			2		_	10			53	ð	_
108	5	2	_	9	241	26		57	52	4	1		_	_	^			50	7	_
83	22	2		_	106	4 1	29	81	57	18		_	_	5	1	—		76	3	2
70	5	1		3	159	13	1	68	56	10			_	_		_	_	59	9	
43	4	1	_	—	99	4	_	137	44	65		28	_	_			_	130	6	1
17	19	5	_	2	91	21	1	120	47	5	_	68				_		114	4	2
18	1	2		2	113	32	_	121	51	19	1	44		1	—		5	108	11	2
12	1	5	1	_	55	21		138	59	17		58	2	1			—	89	11	38
29	11	6	-	_	106	14	2	130	90	_		36	—	1	—	2	1	80	11	39
26	6	2	_	_	334	10	6	133	79	3	_	51	_	_		_	—	87	8	38
47	2	3		11	267	59	11	190	70	15	—	86		17	_	_	—	158	25	7
52	3	27	4	10	123	23	4	186	83	41	_	55			4	_	_	153	8	25
584	80	56	5	48	1,861	298	54	1.419	729	197	2	428	2	25	15	2	6	1,157	108	154

7 remained behind 1 untraced. 2 died and 2 did not return. 1 died and 2 did not return. 8 died during pilgrimage. 11 remained behind. 1 untraced. REMARKS. One died. 1 died. 2 died. Govt. Employees. Pilgrims and Government Employees observed in Cairo who left from elsewhere. Pligrims. 16 338 36 10 18 3 38 34 Pilgrims returning from Earlier Pilgrimages than the Last. 9 .—YEARLY RECORD OF PILGRIMS IN 1922, Persons who did not leave Cairo after taking out Passport or Permission. Govt. Employees. Pligrims. Govt. Employees. Passports or Permission from Cairo but who 12 Pilgrims and Employees who took out were observed elsewhere on return. Pilgrims. 10 27 Govt. Employees. Pilgrims and Govt. Employees who returned and were observed the usual Period in Cairo. 15 104 0.1 31 TABLE XXX. Pilgrims. 46 58 326 6 14 17 27 Government Employees accompanying Mahmal as recorded in District Registers, 18 14 07 117 43 ∞ 15 Pilgrims with Passports issued by the Governorate as recorded in District Registers. 01 6 14 53
 Description
 19 28 373 67 61 DISTRICT. TOTAL Saiyeda Zeinab .. Bâb el Shafriya Darb el Ahmar Ezbekîya ... Abbâsîya ... Gamâlîya Old Cairo Bulâq II Khalifa 'Abdin Mûsky Helwân Bulâq I Shubra Zeitûn

TABLE XXXI.—RECORD OF EGYPTIAN LABOUR CORPS MEN RETURNING TO CAIRO IN 1922.

District.	imber recorded on Lists in Kantara to the Inspectorate.	Number observed in Qisms Corresponding to Addresses given in the Lists.	Number observed at the Inspectorate.	Number not traced.	Nu by M Authori	Number coming up tor Observation. whose Names were not shown on any Lists.				
			Number on from Kan Inspec	Number Opisms (Compared to Additional Compared C	l obse Ins	I non	Observed.	Not found.	Total.	Numb tor O whose not sl
ʿAbbâsiya	• • •		427	388	16	23	14		14	
'Abdîn			1,191	1,171	10	10	34	4	38	
Ezbekîya	• • •	• • •	1,874	1,721	50	103	_	*******		251
Bâb el Sha ^c rîya	• • •	• • •	291	197	11	83	6	:	6	
Bulâq I	•••		475	468		7				47
Bulâq II	•••	• • •	237	192	19	26		_		56
Darb el Ahmar	•••	• • •	214	169	20	25	2		2	
Gamâlîya	•••		1,595	1,394	30	171	5		5	202
Helwân	•••	• • •	96	82	2	12			_	
Khalîfa		•••	243	230	3	10	4		` 4	42
Mûsky		• • •	846	773		73	2	_	2	55
Old Cairo	•••	• • •	202	168	7	27	_		_	
Saiyeda Zeinab	•••		396	256		140	_		_	6
Shubra	• • •	• • •	684	644	22	18	24		24	324
Zeitûn		• • •	1,091	996	27	68			-	
TOTAL		• • •	9,862	8,849	217	796	91	4	95	983

VII.—SANITARY CONTROL OF PUBLIC WOMEN.

(a) Examination Rooms for Native Prostitutes.

The total number of registered native women in 1922 was 1,620 as compared with 1,654 in 1921.

During the year 377 names were struck off the books for various reasons, leaving 1,243

at the end of the year.

The total number of examinations made was 37,689 showing an average of 23·3 examinations per woman as against 21·4 in 1921. This is only a very slight improvement for the list of women who absent themselves from the weekly examination still remains a long one. Table XXXII.

(a) Bab el Sharîya and Ezbekîya.—The total number of women registered in these districts was 1,340 as against 1,381 in 1921 and 1,237 in 1920.

The number remaining at the end of the year was 1.023.

The total number of examinations held was 30.730, being 1,522 more than in 1921. This makes an average of 22.9 examinations per woman.

(b) Abbasîya.—The number on the registers during 1922 is practically the same as in 1921, being 140 as against 136.

There were 32 names struck off during the year which left 108 at the end of the year. There were 3,948 examinations as compared with 3,412 in 1921 making an average of 28.2 examinations per woman. This improvement was due to there having been fewer absentees.

(c) Saiyeda Zeinab. -In this district the number of registered women was 140 whilst

the number remaining on the books at the end of the year was 112.

The total number of examinations held was 3,011 as against 2,863 in the previous year. This gives an average of 21.5 examinations per woman, which is a very slight improvement on 1921.

The examination rooms in this district were transferred towards the end of the year to another building which is, in every way, an improvement on the former one. The examinations can now be carried out more thoroughly and a better control exercised.

Diseases.—The total number of diseases discovered during the year was 2,089 as compared with 2,536 in 1921 and 2,559 during 1920. The actual number of women in whom these diseases were discovered was 852 as against 931 in 1921 and 947 in 1920.

The diminution in the number of diseases cannot however be attributed to a lower incidence, but is due partly to the prevalence of measures, such as douches and cleaning adopted by a large number of women before coming up for examination, and partly to the escape of prostitutes who absent themselves because they know they are ill and who cannot be traced. This is very difficult to control.

The apparent diminution of diseases is especially noticeable among the prostitutes

coming from the Bab el Sha'rîya and Ezbekîya districts.

The total number of cases of syphilis discovered was 95 as against 148 in 1921 and 225 in 1920. The explanation of this improvement is that there have been much fewer relapses this year owing to more thorough treatment.

The total number of cases of Gonorrhæa was 1,836 as compared with 2,135 in 1921 and

2,044 in 1920.

Besides these diseases there were 158 cases of chancroids. Table XXXIII.

Wasserman, -Twenty specimens of blood were examined in the Laboratories, 11 of which proved positive and 9 negative.

Unregistered Women.—The number of unregistered women examined at the request of the Police was 651 as against 906 in 1921. Out of this total 112 were suffering from Gonorrhea, 31 from Syphilis (2 primary and 29 secondary) and 19 from chancroids.

(b) European Examination Rooms.

The total number of registered European prostitutes during 1922 was 308 as compared with 326 in 1921 and 393 in 1920.

During the year 105 names were struck off from the books for various reasons. This left 203 names at the end of the year. In the course of the year 8,876 examinations were made, that is an average 28.8 examinations per woman.

The total number of diseases discovered was 198 which gives a percentage of 2.2 per

cent examinations revealing disease.

This low percentage does not really mean that venereal diseases have diminished, but it is due partly to the large number of women absenting themselves from the weekly examination and also partly to the measures taken by the women before examination.

The diseases discovered included 12 cases of Syphilis, one of which was primary and 11 secondary, 180 cases of Gonorrhæa four of which were acute, and 6 of chancroids. There were also 14 cases sent to hospital under observation. Table XXXIV.

(c) European Lock Hospital.

The total number of admissions during 1922 was 246 of which 212 were registered women whilst 34 were unregistred women sent in at the request of the Police.

Out of the total admissions 20 were suffering from Syphilis, of whom 3 were primary and 17 secondary.

The average number of days of treatment in hospital for the primary cases was 28 and for the secondary cases, 27·1.

There were 205 cases of Gonorrhæa, *i.e.* 8 acute and 197 chronic. The average stay in hospital was 23.5 days for the acute and 19.3 for the chronic.

Among the 34 unregistered women 8 suffered from Syphilis, 25 from Gonorrhæa and I from chancroids. Table XXXV.

The European Women's Lock Hospital was closed permanently on December 31, 1922. In place of this, an external clinic is being opened at the Examination Rooms. Attendance of sick women at this clinic will be voluntary.

TABLE XXXII.—RESULTS OF EXAMINATIONS OF REGISTERED NATIVE WOMEN.

	Percentage of Examinations exposing Diseased Conditions.	Per Cent.	%·	₹. 10.	6.4	7.1
•	Mamber of Cases of Disease discovered.		2,197	155	184	2,536
	Mumber of women found Diseased sent to Hospital.		773	76	82	931
ri.	Average Mumber of Examinations proved the Mumber of Examinations.		21.2	25.1	50.6	21.4
1921.	Number of Examinations held.		29,208	3,412	2,863	35,483
	Mumber of Women remaining on Registers at End of the Year.		991	116	103	1,210
	Mumber of Women struck off during the Year.		390	20	34	144
	Number of Women on Register.		1,381	136	137	1,654
	Percentage of Examinations exposing Diseased Conditions.	Per Cent.	.č.	7·F	₹.	5.0
	Vaniber of Cases of Disease discovered.		1,780	166	143	2,089
	Mumber of women found Diseased sent to Hospital.		202	78	7.5	852
1922.	Average Number of Examinations per Woman.		55.9	&1 .∞ &1	g.18	23.5
19	Zumber of Examinations held.		30,730	3,948	3,011	37,689
	Zumber of Women remaining on Registers at End of the Year.		1,023	108	112	1,243
	Number of Women struck off during the Year.		317	32	%	377
	Munider of Women on Register.		1,340	140	140	1,620
	DISTRICT		Bâb el Sha ^c riya and Ezbekîya	'Abbâsîya	Saiyeda Zeinab	Totals

TABLE XXXIII.—VENEREAL DISEASE DISCOVERED AMONG NATIVE REGISTERED WOMEN.

		19	22			19	21	
DISEASE.	Bâb el Sha ^c riya and Ezbekîya.	cAbbâsîya.	Saiyeda Zeinab.	TOTAL.	Bâb el Sha ^c riya and Ezbekîya.	¢Abbasîya.	Saiyeda Zeinab.	TOTAL.
Syphilis { Primary Secondary Tertiary	9 68 —		_ 3 _	9 86 —	108 —	16 —	 11 	13 135 —
Total Syphilis	77	15	3	95	117	20	11	148
Gonorrhœa { Acute Chronic	17 1,554	1 140		18 1,818	49 1,885	<u> </u>	7 1 4 0	56 2,135
Total Gonorrhœa	1,571	141	124	1,836	1,934	110	147	2,191
Chancroid	132	10	16	158	146	25	26	197
Total Disease	1,780	166	143	2,089	2,197	155	184	2,536

TABLE XXXIV.—RESULTS OF EXAMINATIONS OF REGISTERED EUROPEAN WOMEN.

	YEAI	ι.		Total Number of Women registered during the Year.	Number of Women struck off during the Year.	Number of Women remaining at the End of the Year.	Total Number of Examinations held during the Year.	Average Number of Examinations per Woman.	Number of Women found Diseased.	Percentage of Examinations exposing Diseased Conditions. Per Cent
1916			• • •	°659	234	425	24,934	37.8	896	3.2
1917	• • •		• • •	519	156	363	16,372	31.5	329	2.0
1918	• • •	• • •	• • •	440	48	392	17,275	39 ·3	450	2.6
1919	•••	•••	• • •	437	90	347	15,826	36.2	351	2.2
1920	•••			393	126	267	9,894	25.5	305	3.1
1921	•••	• • •	• • •	326	72	254	9,795	30.0	292	3.0
1922	•••	•••	• • •	308	105	203	8,876	28.8	198	2.5

EUROPEAN HOSPITAL FOR WOMEN. NUMBER OF PATIENTS AND PERIODS OF DETENTION FOR THE DIFFERENT DISEASES. TABLE XXXV.

	Average Number of Days in Hospital of Patients admitted and discharged during the Year.	6.97	28.5	1	8.72	11.1	17.9	0.71	5.61	17.3
	Total Number of Days in Hospital of Pati nts admitted and discharged during the Year.	:0 21	565	-	180	100	5,035	84	£9	5,962
1921.	Total Number of Patients admitted and discharged during the Year.	∞	<u>ે</u>	l	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	9 273	₹ % %	9	- E	3.14
	Number of Patients remaining in Hospital at the End of the Year.	1			1	0	10	1	l	12
	Total Number of Patients admitted during the Year.	∞	<u>.</u>		99	9	292	2	28	356
	Average Number of Days in Hospital of Patients admitted and discharged during the Year.	~; ;	27.1		27.2	23.5 19.3	19.5	12.1	80 ∂1	18.9
	Total Number of Days in Hospital of Patients admitted and discharged during the Year.	-	191		545	188	3,990	28	35	4.652
1922.	Total Number of Patients admitted and bischarged during the Year.	c:	pool	1	20	8 197	202	2	14	246
	Number of Patients remaining in Hospital at the End of the Year	ļ	1							
	Total Number of Patients admitted during the Year.	ಾ	17		. 20	8	205	2	1.4	546
	DISEASE.	(Primary	Syphilis \ Secondary	(Tertiary	Total Syphilis	Gonorrhæa }	Total Gonorrhea	Chancroid	Under Observation	TOTAL'S

VIII.—UNHEALTHY, INCONVENIENT AND DANGEROUS . ESTABLISHMENTS.

Under the Law of August 28, 1904 and the Arrèté of the Ministry of Interior of August 29, of the same year, 1,770 establishments (Saha Est.) coming under this Office and 220 (Zabt Est.), total 1,990 were licensed during 1922, after compliance with the sanitary conditions laid down by this Inspectorate and verified by subsequent inspections. The number of 1921 was 1,862.

Of the 1,990 establishments dealt with 82 were establishments under Class I of the schedule attached to the law, as against 71 in 1921, 1,515 were establishments in Class II as compared with 1,407 in 1921; 393 in Class III, as compared with 384 in 1921.

Subjoined is a detailed list of the various establishments in each class licensed in 1922.

Class I. Saha Establishments.

Pea-Roasting Establishments					• • •									5
Ovens and Bakeries for trade	e pui	rposes	and	d for	the	use	of 1	the 1	Publ	ic				18
Dairies (for the sale or hand														11
Pastry and Alimentary Paste														9
Distilleries														$\tilde{1}$
Sweet-meat Factories						•••					• • •	•••		6
					• • •	• • •	* * *	• • •	• • •	• • •		• • •	• • •	
		• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •			• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	1
Sewage Depot			• • •		• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	1
Tanneries				• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	2
Ice-cream Factories				• • •						• • •				3
Depot of Chemical Products														1
Tobacco and Cigarette Facto	ories													2
Soap Factories														1
Aerated Water Factories														3
Preserved meat Factories														1
Butter Factories													• • • •	o)
THE DOCK SERVICE TO THE SERVICE SERVIC	• • •	• • •	• • •	•••	• • •	•••	•••	• • • •	• • •	•••	•••	• • •		
											η	otal		67
		Zabt	\overline{L}^{\prime} of	abliel	mon	10						. Otai	=	
		7411100	11000	101101	1110011	10.								
Founderies employing mecha-	nical	bowe	31'											6
Garages employing mechanica											• • •			6
Tailor's Factories employing	mec	hanica	al no	ower									• • •	1
Metal-plating workshops	11100	11((11)	1.	91161	• • •	• • •	•••	• • •	• • • •	• • •		• • •	• • •	•)
metal-planting workshops	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •		
											7	'otal		15
	m _c	TAL	ما ما	V-	Vant	Mad	a blis	Juno					•••=	82
														0.4
	1.0	11 25 12 1	Oama	, (()	zapt	LIZIS	,	3111110	11115	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	- C
	J. 10	,12,11		$_{ m ASS}$]	·	/ 135t	,00,7311	SHILL	מונה	•••	• • •	•••	• • •	0
			CL	ass 1	II.			SHIRE	יוונה	•••	•••	•••	•••	
	1.0		CL		II.			SHILL	ints	•••	•••	•••	•••	
Groceries	10		CL.	ass] Istabl	${ m is} hm$	ents.							•••	
Groceries Wholesale Grocery Depots	•••		CL ha E	ass 1	ishm	ents.							•••	779
Wholesale Grocery Depots		.Sal	CL.	ASS]	ishm	$ents.$ \dots			• • •			•••	•••	$779 \\ 2$
Wholesale Grocery Depots Retail Oil-shops (for the sale	 of v	Sal vegeta	CL.	ASS I	ishm	ents. 								779 2 5
Wholesale Grocery Depots Retail Oil-shops (for the sale Public Kitchens	 of v	Sal vegeta	CL. ha E able	ASS l	ishm	ents			• • •			•••		779 2 5 44
Wholesale Grocery Depots Retail Oil-shops (for the sale Public Kitchens Tripe Factories	 of v	Sal vegeta 	CL. ha E	ASS I	ishm	ents							• • •	779 2 5 44 2
Wholesale Grocery Depots Retail Oil-shops (for the sale Public Kitchens Tripe Factories Frying and Roasting Establis	 of v 	Sal vegets 	CL. ha E able Meat	ass I	ishm	ents tc.)							• • •	779 2 5 44 2 19
Wholesale Grocery Depots Retail Oil-shops (for the sale Public Kitchens Tripe Factories Frying and Roasting Establis Frying Tamia Establishments	of v	Salvegeta	CL. ha E able Meat	ASS lastable oils)	ishm	ents							• • •	779 2 5 44 2 19 153
Wholesale Grocery Depots Retail Oil-shops (for the sale Public Kitchens Tripe Factories Frying and Roasting Establishments Vinegar Factories	of v	Sal vegeta nts (I	CL. ha E able Meat	ASS l	ishm	ents tc.)							•••	779 2 5 44 2 19 153 11
Wholesale Grocery Depots Retail Oil-shops (for the sale Public Kitchens Tripe Factories Frying and Roasting Establishments Vinegar Factories Frying Fish Shops	of v	Sal	CL. ha E able Meat	oils)	ishm	ents tc.)							•••	779 2 5 44 2 19 153
Wholesale Grocery Depots Retail Oil-shops (for the sale Public Kitchens Tripe Factories Frying and Roasting Establis Frying Tamia Establishments Vinegar Factories Frying Fish Shops Pickles (Tourchi) Factories	of v	Sal vegeta 	CL. ha E able Meat	Ass lastable oils)	ishm	ents tc.)								779 2 5 44 2 19 153 11
Wholesale Grocery Depots Retail Oil-shops (for the sale Public Kitchens Tripe Factories Frying and Roasting Establishments Vinegar Factories Frying Fish Shops	of v	Sal vegeta 	CL. ha E able Meat	Ass lastable oils)	ishm	ents tc.)								779 2 5 44 2 19 153 11
Wholesale Grocery Depots Retail Oil-shops (for the sale Public Kitchens Tripe Factories Frying and Roasting Establis Frying Tamia Establishments Vinegar Factories Frying Fish Shops Pickles (Tourchi) Factories	of v	Sal vegeta 	CL. ha E able Meat	Ass lastable oils)	ishm	ents tc.)								779 2 5 44 2 19 153 11 63
Wholesale Grocery Depots Retail Oil-shops (for the sale Public Kitchens Tripe Factories Frying and Roasting Establishments Vinegar Factories Frying Tamia Establishments Vinegar Factories Frying Fish Shops Pickles (Tourchi) Factories Manufacture of beverages other	of v	Sales	CL. ha E hable Meat	oils) ASS I	ishm	ents tc.)								779 2 5 44 2 19 153 11 63 1
Wholesale Grocery Depots Retail Oil-shops (for the sale Public Kitchens	shme	Sald vegeta an Ad	CL. ha E hable Meat crate	oils) d Wa	ishm	ents.	 Alco	 holic	 or			 		779 2 5 44 2 19 153 11 63 1 2 6
Wholesale Grocery Depots Retail Oil-shops (for the sale Public Kitchens	of v	Sales	CL. ha E hable Meat crate	oils) d Wa	ishm	ents.	 Alco	 holic	 or	 ferm				779 2 5 44 2 19 153 11 63 1 2 6 2
Wholesale Grocery Depots Retail Oil-shops (for the sale Public Kitchens Tripe Factories Frying and Roasting Establishments Vinegar Factories Frying Tamia Establishments Vinegar Factories Frying Fish Shops Pickles (Tourchi) Factories Manufacture of beverages other Fessikh (salted fish) Stores Buza Establishments Public Stables Dye-shops	shme	Sald vegeta an Ad	CL. ha E able Meat erate	oils) d Wa	ishmi	ents.	 Alco	 holic	 or	 	 ented 	 		779 2 5 44 2 19 153 11 63 1 2 6 2 49
Wholesale Grocery Depots Retail Oil-shops (for the sale Public Kitchens Tripe Factories Frying and Roasting Establishments Vinegar Factories Frying Tamia Establishments Vinegar Factories Frying Fish Shops Pickles (Tourchi) Factories Manufacture of beverages other fessikh (salted fish) Stores Buza Establishments Public Stables Dye-shops Butter Depots	shme	Sal vegeta nts (I an Ac	CL. ha E able Meat erate	oils) d Wa	ishm	ents.	 Alco	 holic	 or	 ferm				779 2 5 44 2 19 153 11 63 1 2 6 2 49 9 1
Wholesale Grocery Depots Retail Oil-shops (for the sale Public Kitchens	shme	Sal	CL. ha E hable Meat crate	oils) d Wa	ishm h, e	ents.	 Alco	 holic	 or	 	 ented			779 2 5 44 2 19 153 11 63 1 2 6 2 49 9 1 18
Wholesale Grocery Depots Retail Oil-shops (for the sale Public Kitchens	shme	Sal	CL. ha E able Meat erate	oils) d Wa	ishmi	ents.	 Alco	 holic	 or	 	 ented 	 		779 2 5 44 2 19 153 11 63 1 2 6 2 49 9 1
Wholesale Grocery Depots Retail Oil-shops (for the sale Public Kitchens	shme er th	Sal vegeta nts (I	CL. ha E ha ble wheat crate	oils) d Wa	ishm h, e	ents.	 Alco	 holic	 or	 ferm 	 ented			779 2 5 44 2 19 153 11 63 1 2 6 2 49 9 1 18
Wholesale Grocery Depots Retail Oil-shops (for the sale Public Kitchens Tripe Factories Frying and Roasting Establishments Vinegar Factories Frying Tamia Establishments Vinegar Factories Frying Fish Shops Pickles (Tourchi) Factories Manufacture of beverages other Fessikh (salted fish) Stores Buza Establishments Public Stables Dye-shops Butter Depots Rag Stores Flour Depots Public Laundries Flour Mills	shme	Sal vegeta	CL. ha E	oils) d Wa	ishm h, e aters	ents.	 Alco	 holic 	 or	 	 ented			779 2 5 44 2 19 153 11 63 1 2 6 2 49 9 1 18 119 1 7
Wholesale Grocery Depots Retail Oil-shops (for the sale Public Kitchens Tripe Factories Frying and Roasting Establis Frying Tamia Establishments Vinegar Factories Frying Fish Shops Pickles (Tourchi) Factories Manufacture of beverages other Fessikh (salted fish) Stores Buza Establishments Public Stables Dye-shops Butter Depots Rag Stores Flour Depots Public Laundries Flour Mills Coffee Mills	shme crth	Sal vegeta	CL. ha E ha E hable hable	oils) d Wa	ishm h, e	ents.	 Alco	 holic	 or	 ferm 	 ented			779 2 5 44 2 19 153 11 63 1 2 6 2 49 9 1 18 119 1 7 6
Wholesale Grocery Depots Retail Oil-shops (for the sale Public Kitchens	shme er th	Sal vegeta nts (I ts	CL. ha E ha E hable hable	oils) d Wa	ishm h, e aters	ents.	Alco	 holic		 ferm 	 ented			779 2 5 44 2 19 153 11 63 1 2 6 2 49 9 1 18 119 1 7
Wholesale Grocery Depots Retail Oil-shops (for the sale Public Kitchens Tripe Factories Frying and Roasting Establishments Vinegar Factories Frying Tamia Establishments Vinegar Factories Frying Fish Shops Pickles (Tourchi) Factories Manufacture of beverages other Fessikh (salted fish) Stores Buza Establishments Public Stables Dye-shops Butter Depots Rag Stores Flour Depots Public Laundries Flour Mills Coffee Mills Sugar Cane ('rushing Establish Cattle Sheds	shme crth	Sal vegeta nts (I ts	CL. ha E ha ble wheat	oils) d Wa	ishm h, e	ents.		 holic 	 or	 ferm 	 ented			779 2 5 44 2 19 153 11 63 1 2 6 2 49 9 1 18 119 1 7 6
Wholesale Grocery Depots Retail Oil-shops (for the sale Public Kitchens	shme er th	Sal vegeta nts (I ts	CL. ha E ha E hable hable	oils) d Wa	ishmin	ents.	Alco	 holic		 ferm 	 ented			779 2 5 44 2 19 153 11 63 1 2 6 2 49 9 1 18 119 1 7 6

Gypsum Kilns Gypsum Mills Oil-mills	• • •	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	$\begin{array}{c} 2 \\ 1 \\ 2 \end{array}$
									•			Total	•••=	1,103
			Za	bt E	stabl	ishm	ents.							
Founderies Simple					,	• • •		• • •	• • •			• • •		9
Blacksmiths' Shops			• • •		• • •	• • •		• • •	• • •		• • •	•••		98
Etameurs (Tinkers)	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •				• • •	• • •	•••	• • •	• • •		82
Ferblantiers	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •			• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	4
Fabrique de pavé en ciment	• • •	• • •	• • •		• • •	• • •	• • •	•••	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	3
Copper Workshops	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •		9
												Total	•••_	250
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						DILITE	OHOS	COLLO		zape	111	1024	•••	1,010
					111									
			C	LASS	TII.									
					imen	ts.								
Vegetable Shops		• • •				ts.	• • •	•••	• • •		•••		•••	63
Vegetable Shops Fruit Shops		•••	Esta			ts.	•••		•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	20
			Esta	ıblish 	imen	• • •	•••		•••		•••	•••	•••	$\frac{20}{148}$
Fruit Shops Clothes Ironing Establishment Butcher's Shops	SS	• • •	Esta	iblish	imen	• • •	•••				•••		•••	20
Fruit Shops Clothes Ironing Establishment Butcher's Shops Fish Shops	 os 	•••	Esta	iblish 	imen 	•••	• • •			• • •	• • •	•••		20 148 126 1
Fruit Shops Clothes Ironing Establishment Butcher's Shops Fish Shops Poulterers' Shops	 58 	•••	Esta	iblish		•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••			20 148 126 1 3
Fruit Shops Clothes Ironing Establishment Butcher's Shops Fish Shops	 58 	•••	Esta	iblish	 	•••	•••			• • •	•••	•••		20 148 126 1

TABLE XXXVI.—RELATIVE OCCURRENCE OF FAULTY CONDITIONS IN FOODSTUFF ESTABLISHMENTS INSPECTED IN 1921 AND 1922.

NATURE OF ESTABLISHMENT.	Percentage of Visits in which Faulty Conditions were found.				
NATURE OF ESTABLISHMENT.	1921	1922			
	Per Cent.	Per Cent.			
Grocers' shops	4.6	1.4			
Butchers' shops	1.9	+ 1.2			
Bakeries	9.3	+ 8.7			
Restaurants and public kitchens	6.4	+ 2.7			
Confectionery Manufactories	18.8	+ 2.8			
Oilmen's shops	6.4	+ 1.1			
Poultry shops	4.8	4.0			
Dairies and milk shops	7.6	+ 3.5			
Vegetable dealers' shops	13.7	+ 3.3			
Fish shops	8.0	+ 2.9			
Other establishments	13.1	+ 7.7			
General Percentage	7•1	3.2			

Table XXXVII.—Result of Inspections during 1922.

DISTRICT.	Total Number of Inspections.	Number showing Satisfactory Conditions.	Percentage of Satisfactory Conditions. Per Cent.	Number showing Unsatisfactory Conditions.	Percentage of Unsatisfactory Conditions. Per Cent.
Mûsky Ezbekîya 'Abdîn Saiyeda Zeinab Khalîfa Darb el Ahmar Gamâlîya Shûbra Bûlâq I 'Abbâsîya	4,730	4,635	- 98.0	95	+ 2·0
	5,596	5,469	- 97.7	127	+ 2·3
	1,835	1,809	- 98.6	26	+ 1·4
	2,577	2,449	- 95.5	128	+ 4·5
	1,069	1,042	- 97.5	27	+ 2·5
	4,446	4,423	- 99.5	23	+ 0·5
	3,230	3,215	- 99.5	15	+ 0·5
	1,999	1,939	- 97.0	60	+ 3·0
	2,213	1,734	- 78.4	479	+ 21·6
	2,655	2,583	- 97.3	72	+ 2·7

TABLE XXXVIII.-OBJECTIONABLE, UNHEALTHY AND DANGEROUS ESTABLISHMENTS, PREVIOUSLY ENISTING ESTABLISHMENTS INSPECTED IN 1922.

CENT.	donditions Unsatisfactory.	+1.45	+1.19	8.7	+5.1	+2.8	+1.1	['] 4	+ ::	+3.3	+3.6	2.2+		+3.46
PER C	Conditions Satisfactory.	-98 55	-98.81	-91.3	-97.3	-97.2	6.86-	96		2.96-	-97.1	-923		FG.96
	Conditions Faulty.	144	43	149	110	10	12	15	30	58	25	466		1,052
ToraL.	Conditions Satisfactory.	9,785	3,571	1,575	3,919	348	1,121	360	541	1,675	831	5,572		29,298
BER.	Conditions Faulty.		4	32	<u> </u>		-	ಣ	41	-1 1		33		100
DECEMBER.	Conditions Satisfactory.	1,031	273	154	398	35	06	61	74	1111	124	593		2,944
ABER.	Conditions Faulty.	181		35	17	2	⊣.			4	ठा	44		126
November.	Conditions Satisfactory.	863	366	135	385	31	106	1	63	8	140	441		2,655
BER.	Conditions Faulty.	6	ಣ	13	2	1	02	ş-m-d	হ্য	<u>ମେ</u>	6	56		104
OCTOBER.	Conditions Satisfactory.	534	351	140	184	40	109	09	59	62	134	395		2,068
SEPTEMBER.	Conditions Faulty.	13	ಣ	13	σ,	ಣ		-			9	41		99
SEPTE	Sonditions Satisfactory.	930	373	132	317	54	#	34	51	65	126	315		2,441
AUGUST.	Conditions	10	- 23	67			्त ————————————————————————————————————	1	 	×.				48
AUG	Conditions Satisfactory.	768	37.5	122	386		7	15	98	206	- 3 - 3 - 3	537		2,607
July.	Conditions Faulty.	1	1.	0 10	6		.cc	?i	<u></u>		-	27		4 56
Jr	Conditions Satisfactory.	263		09	143		7.5		33 27	3 52	T1	158		914
JUNE.	Conditions Conditions Faulty.	6 11		8 111	33 11	35	<u> </u>	27	17		32	9 47		9 92
	Conditions Satisfactory.	7 616	$6 \mid 291$	$6 \mid 108$	4 31		104			9 117		5 449		8 2,139
MAY.	Conditions A salty.					61	81 -	$\frac{31}{}$	<u> </u>		44 -	11 45		11 78
	Faulty. Conditions Satisfactory.	21 998	5 363	7 13	$\frac{21}{21}$ 389	তা				14 362		66 48	-	8 2,861
APRIL.	Satisfactory. Conditions	882	198	110	287	27		18	37	197	31	9 667		,393 138
Ψ	Faulty. Conditions	<u> </u>	15	13 1	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~		1 1	-	হা	7		12 15		87 2,39
MARCH.	Satisfactory. Conditions	950,	276	75	370	- 	2 2.	- 62		173		541	1	8 392,
	Faulty. Conditions	14 1,0	्र	<u></u>	<u>~~</u>					न		33 25 25	1	73 2,7
FEBRUARY.	Satisfactory. Conditions	931	318	149	382	82	121	-61	32	<u>c</u> 91	34			,784
	Sonditions Handitions	91	10	-	9			-		-+	1	-21	.	58 2,7
JANUARY.	Satisfactory. Satisfactory.	<u> </u>	293	159	366	150		55	÷1	<u>×</u>	57	555		2,730
r			:	•	:	ab-	•	:	:		:			21
	NATURE OF ESTABLISHMENTS.	Grocers' shops	Butchers' shops	Bakeries	Restaurants with kitchens public	Confectionery establishments	Oilmen's shops	Poulterers' shops	Dairies and milk shops	Vegetable dealers' shops	Fish shops	Other establisments		TOTAL

TABLE XXXIX.—RETURN SHOWING MILK SAMPLES COLLECTED DURING 1922.

DISTRICTS.	January.	February.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	August.	September.	October.	November.	December.	TOTAL,
Bûlâq I Genuine Adulterated	6 2	2 1	_	6 2	_	11 .5	-1	213	6	7 5	3	3 8	50 28
Gamâlîya ··· { Genuine Adulterated	-5	_2	3	_6	_	_2	$-\frac{2}{ }$	_1	2	9 2	_3	_4	39 3
^Abbâsîya { Genuine Adulterated	$\begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$	5 2	$\frac{12}{2}$	6 2		11 2	_	6	5	11	5 3	7	70 15
Bulâq II } Genuine Adulterated	_	-2		_3				_	_	_	$-\frac{3}{2}$	_	_ 8
Khalîfa Genuine Adulterated	_5	_3	_3	_2		3 2	1	_2	4 6	-	2 2	4	29 12
Ezbekîya } Gennine Adulterated	$\begin{bmatrix} 8 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$	_13	_	_8	_	10 5		1 2	11 3	7 3	4	5 5	70 19
$^{c}\mathbf{A}\mathbf{b}\mathbf{d}\mathbf{\hat{n}}$ $\mathbf{\mathcal{G}enuine}$ $\mathbf{A}\mathbf{d}\mathbf{u}\mathbf{l}\mathbf{t}\mathbf{e}\mathbf{r}\mathbf{a}\mathbf{t}\mathbf{e}\mathbf{d}$	9	_8	$\frac{15}{2}$	4 2		82	_	8	6 4	12 8	12 8		82 33
Shubra Genuine Adulterated	6	6	$\frac{15}{2}$			9			3 2	5 2	-1	number Audito	59 24
Darb el Ahmar { Genuine Adulterated	8 2	-6	12 1	5 2		$\begin{bmatrix} 5 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$		_6	$-\frac{3}{2}$	$-\frac{2}{2}$	_3	8	58 8
Mûsky Genuine Adulterated	17	7 2	9	13 2		7 2		8	$\frac{6}{4}$		4	9	80 15
Bâb el Sha ^c rîya { Genuine Adulterated	_2	_2	4	_1		5 1			5 1	4 1	_2		27
Saiyeda Zeinab { Genuine Adulterated	4	12 1		17	_	9	_		7	7 3	14 6	9	79 13
Old Cairo { Genuine Adulterated	_	13 —	15 3	9		9	_		_3	_			56 4
Zeitûn { Genuine Adulterated	2	17	_5	6		10 2		_5		$\begin{bmatrix} 8\\1 \end{bmatrix}$	4	10	67
Helwân { Genuine Adulterated		_		_	_			_		_		_	=
Total { Genuine Adulterated	74	98	93	90	_	99	7 1	49	61 23	72 26	70 25	63	774 180
Grand Total	. 96	108	108	100		128	8	56	84	98	95	78	954

TABLE XL.—RESULT OF THE CHEMICAL AND BACTERIOLOGICAL EXAMINATION OF SAMPLES OF AERATED WATERS DURING 1922.

	Total	Number of san	aples in which the organisms for	number of lactos and in 10 c.c.	e fermentation
Month.	No. of samples examined.	Was none.	Was below 5.	Was between 5-10.	Exceeded 10.
January	27	27	1		
February	37	33	• 4		
March	73	70	2		1
April	75	71	1	1	2
May	74	74			glan-rentagge
June	45	38	6	1	-
July	45	39	5		1
August	41.	35	6	office reasons as	
September	64	60			4
October	4.7	33	14		physiological and the second and the
November	54	51	1		2
December	39	35	1		3
Тотац	621	566	40	2	13

IX.—CONTROL OF FOODSTUFFS AND DRINKS.

Samples of foodstuffs are generally taken by the Sanitary Inspectors and Overseers. The arrangements for control were similar to those followed in 1921 and proved to be satisfactory, *vide*. the Annual Report of 1921.

Subjoined is a table showing the total quantities of different articles of food destroyed during 1922 as being unfit for human consumption.

TABLE XLI.

	Quantity Deteriorated and destroyed.						
Jam (various kind	s) .	 • • •			• • •	Tins	2,447
Sauce		 	• • •				554
Preserved Meat .		 				,,	375
Sardines		 	• • •		• • •	,,	287
Fruits		 • • •			• • •	,,	240
Condensed Milk .		 	• • •		• • •	,,	1,240
Nuts		 • • •			•••	Okes	60
Eggs		 • • •				Eggs	5,000
Quagnita		 			• • •	Tins	346
Olives				• • •	• • •	,,	16
Macaroni		 	• • •		• • •	Boxes	40

The staff dealing with inspections of the Unhealthy Establishments was, except for the death of an overseer, the same as in 1921.

30,350 inspections were made during 1922 as compated with 21,362 in 1921. The conditions were found satisfactory in 29,298 establishments and unsatisfactory in 1,052, the percentage of establishments with unsatisfactory conditions being 3.46 per cent as compared with 7.13 per cent in 1921.

During 1922 the number of inspections of unhealthy establishments was, in spite of the shortage of the overseers staff, greater than in the previous three years; also the number of visits paid to establishments dealing with food stuffs and drinks was more. This is due to strict supervision and control exercised by the two Sanitary Inspectors.

Table XXXVI shows the relative occurrence of faulty conditions in 1921 and 1922. From this it will be seen that improvements were found in all establishments without exception.

Inspection of various districts were distributed as follows: 4,730 Mûsky, 5,596 Ezbekîya, 1,835 Abdîn, 2,577 Saiyeda Zeinab, 1,069 Khalîfa, 4,446 Darb el Ahmar,

3,230 Gamâlîya, 1,999 Shubra, 2,213 Bulâq, 2,655 Abbasîya.

Table XXXVII shows the number and results of inspections of various districts of Cairo.

In Table XXXVIII are shown the monthly distributions and results of the inspections of the various establishments. Bakeries, poultry shops and certain other establishments gave the most frequent cause for complaint, fault having to be found in 8·7 per cent of inspections of bakeries, in poultry shops 4 per cent and in other establishments 7·7 per cent. Nevertheless there is a great improvement and the percentage of those not satisfactory was lower than in previous years. In the greater number of these cases objection was taken to faulty arrangements for removal of smoke and insufficient frequency of whitewashing. The most satisfactory establishments were oilmen's shops with 1·1 per cent, butchers' shops with 1·19 per cent and grocers' shops with 1·43 per cent of faults found on inspection.

Table XXXIX shows the number of milk samples taken to have been 954. Of these 180 were found adulterated and 774 genuine as compared with 1,241 taken in 1921,

of which 221 were found adulterated and 1,020 genuine.

Table XL shows that the number of samples of aerated waters taken was 621. In 40 cases the number of lactose fermentation organisms in 10 c.c. was below 5 c.c. In 2 cases the number of these organisms in 10 c.c. was between 5 and 10 and in 13 cases only did they exceed 10. The remainder 566 were found to be uncontaminated.

These results are highly satisfactory.

REPORT SUBMITTED BY THE CHIEF SANITARY INSPECTOR (FOOD AND NUISANCE INSPECTOR) ON THE WORK CARRIED OUT DURING THE YEAR 1922.

In the first place special attention has been devoted to the larger establishments from which articles of food for human consumption are supplied to the public, such as ice and mineral water factories, bakeries, hotels, restaurants, etc.

ICE FACTORIES.

In the case of ice factories the chief source of contamination was due to the wooden covers of the tanks in which the ice was made, being allowed to get in a dirty condition underneath, with the result that during the process of manufacture, dirt was deposited in the moulds whilst the ice was forming. Owing to periodical inspections, as well as certain suggestions being carried out, a great improvement has been made and maintained.

MINERAL WATER FACTORIES.

In the mineral water factories, here again the most probable source of contamination could be attributed chiefly to one cause, *viz.*, the arrangement for the thorough cleansing of the bottles prior to refilling them.

In no case on inspection could it be said that the arrangements made were absolutely satisfactory, as the cleansing of bottles was carried out in a more or less perfunctory manner, and more often the brushes used were inefficient owing to their being worn out, and the arrangements made for the final rinsing of the bottles being unsatisfactory.

With continual supervision however, a great deal of improvement has been effected in these respects, but it is quite recognised that these will not be maintained unless strict

supervision is kept up.

A number of structural alteration has also been made in connection with these factories, chiefly consisting of a separate room being provided for the storing and making of syrups, where these were previously non-existent, as well as separating the washing rooms from the rest of the factories.

BAKERIES.

In the case of Bakeries, both European and Native, the condition of the larger proportion, left very much to be desired, more especially as regards ventilation and cleanliness.

As regards ventilation, in a large number of cases, all possible sources of same, as well as light, were stopped up in the kneading rooms; windows or openings which would normally have acted as ventilators being boarded up, or covered over with bags.

In the majority of cases the tables, on which the bread was placed on being withdrawn from the ovens, were found to be in a most dirty and dilapidated condition, but great improvements have been effected in this respect, as the majority of owners have had these tables covered with zinc, and more efficient means of ventilating the kneading rooms have been taken.

HOTELS, RESTAURANTS, ETC.

As regard the largest hotels, restaurants, etc., the accommodation generally for the use of the public was in a fairly satisfactory condition and very seldom any cause for complaint existed as regards the condition of the cooking utensils. The chief possible source of contamination was from the tables on which the food was pepared.

There is now considerable improvement in this respect as the majority have been covered with zinc.

REMARKS ON IMPROVEMENTS MADE.

In regard to improvements carried out in the various establishments, it was found that, at first, although the owners were willing enough to promise to carry out any improvements or repairs suggested, on a second visit it was generally found that nothing, or but very little had been done, but when it was discovered that the visits were not of a casual nature, but the commencement of periodical inspections they began to carry out the necessary improvements, with the result that there is now hardly a single establishment, if any existing, but what is in a much better condition than it was previously.

Subjoined is a list of Visits and Work carried out by the Chief Sanitary Inspector and Overseers during 1922 not shown in the ordinary monthly returns.

	Total.	Remarks.
Visits re complaints	298	·
Revisits "	$\tilde{2}26$	
Visite various	185	Hotels, Maadi, Government Depart
visits, various	100	ments, etc.
Revisits	196°	
Vicite ma plane	489	
Rovigity	249	
Manhata in muliana	$\begin{array}{c} 243 \\ 458 \end{array}$	
Visite Relation	107	
Daniel La	65	
Ign-Fratories inspections	56	
Minagel Water Frederics inspections	417	,
	54	
TT . T	28	
	93	
Samples taken, ice		
" " " mineral waters	558	
other articles	17	
W.Cs. cleared	38	
,, cleansed	166	
	102	
Ventilating shafts repaired	80	
Waste-pipes trapped	185	
Premises lime-washed	1,304	
Rubbish removed	1,227	
Floors repaired	767	
Ice chests repaired	330	
Tables covered	505	
Stands provided or raised	609	
Utensils retinned	810	
Chimneys repaired or raised	341	

List of articles of unsound food destroyed voluntarily by owners during 1922.

	Tins.		Tins.		Okes.
Jam Sauce Herrings	129 11	Preserved Fruit Preserved Peas Sardines	4	Apples Pears Tomatoes Butter Beef Total	$ \begin{array}{c c} 22 \\ 4 \\ 19 \\ 22 \\ 3 \\ \hline 70 \end{array} $

Total tins destroyed: 317.

Sanitary Contraventions dealt with during 1922.

	Total		RES	U I.T.	
Name of Law, etc.	Number reported.	Convictions obtained.	Acquittals.	Filed.	Under Considera- tion.
"Vidange" and "Depotoirs." Arrêté of November 8, 1886, modified by arrêté of June 2, 1910 Practice of Medicine and its branches. Arrêté of June 13, 1891	677	614	3	6	54
Enclosure of Waste Lands, Arrêté of June 15, 1893	596 42	$\begin{array}{c} 452 \\ 26 \end{array}$	$-\frac{20}{}$		36 16
CEMETERIES:— Inhumation, Exhumation, and Transport of Bodies abroad. Regulations of September 15, 1876, and March 26 and October 30, 1877 Transfer of Cemeteries. Decree of January 29, 1894 Enclosure of Cemeteries; Unauthorized Inhumation Decree of March 12, 1898			**************************************	Marine Marine Marine	
Prophylactic Measures:—					
Permanent and Exceptional Measures to prevent Epidemics. Arrêtés of May 11, 1895, and December 19, 1904					
Oysters and Shell-fish during Epidemics. Arrêté of June 16, 1912					
Cholera. Arrêté of October 17, 1895, and Supplementary Arrêté of May 30, 1896 Plague and Cholera. Decree of May 27, 1899,					
modified by Laws No. 3 of February 16, 1911. and No. 10 of April 27, 1913 Disinfection of Houses during Epidemics. Arrêtés of	*-·-				
May 23 and June 26, 1901 Passenger Control in case of Cholera Abroad. Arrêté of January 21, 1911	13	1 12			,
Navigation on the Mahmûdîya Canal in time of Cholera. Arrêté of January 16, 1911	_				
Prophylactic Measures against Infectious Diseases. Law No. 15 of June 12, 1912 Prophylactic Measures against Cholera. Law No. 10	33	21	7	. 1	4
of June 26, 1917	m				
of April 26, 1900	5	2	Į.	Į.	
September 15, 1904	6	1	1		4
1911, modified by Law No. 15 of 1918 Тганярог of Rags during Epidemics. Law No. 1	4.	2	1	L	-
of March 10, 1906, and Arrêté of October 30, 1913 Control of Returning Pilgrims. Arrêté of June 14, 1914 Public Latrines and "Dépendences" of Mosques and		-		_	
Zawias. Law No. 14 of July 1, 1911 Births and Deaths. Decree of August 11, 1912 "Etablissements incommodes, insalubres et dangereux." Law No. 13 of August 28, 1904, and Arrêté	40	31	4	_	5
of Angust 29, 1904, completed by Arrêté of June 11, 1905	667 41	415 41		14	224 —
Adulteration of Milk. Art. No. 302 of the Native Penal Code	183	131	3	2	47
Articles 334, 335 and 336, and Mixed Penal Code, Article 333, paragraph 6	114	94	3	3	14
	9 (97	1 015	57	117	408
Total	$\left[\begin{array}{c c}2,427\end{array}\right]$	1,815	51	111	100

The Medical Work carried out by the Medical Officers of Police during 1922 was as follows:—

Nature of Work.	1921	1922
Medico-legal examinations of persons for slight injuries requiring less than twenty days' treatment	7,858	9,217
Medico-legal examinations for more serious cases requiring more than twenty days' treatment	273	240
Medico-legal examinations on persons killed in the streets by accident or where the causes of death were suspected by the Medical Officers	201	16
Examinations of persons for whom no period of treatment was necessary (Police Circular)	1,177	88
njured persons recommended for a second examination on		
account of permanent deformities resulting from their injuries	379	30
Examination of persons on account of lunacy either sent to asylum or retained at their houses	147	130
Shaffirs examined on entering service on request of the Commandant's Office	1,430	1,70
Persons who were examined and sent to Qasr el 'Aini Hospital	909	27
Policemen examined at request of the Personnel Office of the Ministry of the Interior on account of sickness	753	67
Cab-drivers, carters and chauffeurs examined on request of the Traffic Office	3,263	3,78
Persons sent to the Fever Hospital suspected to be suffering from infectious diseases	207	6
Number of examinations performed by the Medical Officers elsewhere than at the Governorate	836	1,03
Shaffirs examined on account of sickness	3,428	4,11
Constables and policemen vaccinated	992	1,19
Constables and policemen treated at Office	747	10
Constables and policemen admitted to Police Infirmary	1,142	3,16
Constables and policemen admitted to Qasr el 'Aini Hospital	* 703	1,28
Constables and policemen sent to the Fever Hospital as suspected to be suffering from infectious disease	. 191	16
Nomination of Parquets and Qisms for examination of criminals	135	į
and injured persons	51	2
	469	64
Inspections made on First Aid Boxes at the Various Qisms	12	
Examination of persons in connection with the Pension Law	131	5
Vagabonds sent by Qisms	5	12
New policemen examined for eyesight	45	,
Number of medico-legal reports written to replace lost reports	55	3
Examination of sodomites for venereal disease, etc	อย	8
Constables and policemen examined to be brought before Court Martial	82	5
Persons examined for estimation of age on request of judicial authorities	· · _ · ,	
Civilian prisoners examined at the various Qisms for sickness		- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Policemen examined on account of lice	-	1

oitsau,		Patients sent t	36	16	21	6.	1	16	10	6	50	50	∞	21		25	-1 1	187
rced.	Тет	Waste lands	ಣ	10	က	ा	oi.		*	4	16	60		15	1		귁	89
AS.		Not filled in.		1			1	1		1	1		23			6.		33
BIRKAS.		filled in.	1	1			-					1	1	-		_L	,	
	<u>'</u>	Drug Stores.		1		ı					1					1	- 1	
		Pharmacies.		-		-	67			-	1				67	1		6.
Š	1	WeW.	1				1		1	1	-		-				· 	
CEMETERIES.		Enlarged.				1									1	1		0.1
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D.	ATE.	No Measures recommended.		1		1			-	1				1				
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COPMLAINTS IN CONNECTION WITH HEALTH MATTERS.		Dealt with.	210	47		38	29	125	135	96	49	103	30	69	11	12	15	1043
H	uı	the same cemetrie				-		ಾಂ		48	54			ಣ				89
ODIES.	.ad	Arrived from localities in Egy	-14				1	~		,	16		∞	-11				41
DEAD BODIES	.10	From Cairo to oth localities in Egyl	11	16		-		∞	,c	· •		ಣ	13	47	11	13		137
	.01	From one Cemeter in Cai						1					9	1		1		6
TRANSPORT OF	-	Arrived from abroad.			1			1		1					1			
TR	-	Corpses transport abroad.		-			1	1		1	1		87					3
*sms	iQ	to .s.O.M yd	212	435	175	78	175	108	327	09	105	38	55	998	335	14	66	36
		Sick employees	: 2			:		-:	ده	:	-:	:	:	: 	: 	:	:	2,636
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		QISM H	:	•	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Toral
		Q1S	:	:	:	:	:	:	•	:	:	:	:	:	:	•	:	Tor
			•		îya.	•	•	lar,		:	•	:	:	ab.		:	:	
				:	Shar		:	Ahn	: ¤	: es	:		LO .	Zeir				*
			^c Abbâsîya	lîn	Bâb el Sharfya	îq. I	Bulâq II	Darb el Ahmar	Ezbekîya	Gamâlîya	Khalîfa	sky	Old Cairo	Saiyeda Zoinab	bra	wân	oun	
		. 4	cAbl	^c Abdîm	Bâb	Bulâq, I	Bul	Dar	Ezb	Gan	Kha	Mûsky	Old	Saiy	Shûbra	Helwân	Zeitoun	

X.—ANTI-MALARIAL MEASURES.

The work carried out in 1922 was the same in character and extent as in 1921, and the special measures taken for the prevention of the mosquito breeding were applied in the same selected areas and quarters.

There were 88 complaints received in 1922: 28 from Saiyeda District, 3 from Abbasîya, 2 from Mûsky, 6 from Helwân, 10 from Ezbekîya, one from Khalîfa, 2 from Bulâq, 6 from Shubra, 8 from Zeitoun and 22 from Abdîn.

The Birkas around Cairo were stocked with larvæ-eating fish as usual.

Tourah.—Certain Government-owned birkas have been filled in by the Prisons Administrations.

Helwân.—The dilapidated well about 500 metres west of Tewfîq Palace Hotel was filled up.

The so-called Bir el Hadid was also filled in.

A percolating pit to receive the overflow of the Bir Hanem at the end of Sharia Zaki was constructed.

The extension of the existing drainage system to drain, by some form of subsoil drainage, the marshy area beside the Aerodrome was not carried out as, when the area in question was last inspected by the Main Drainage Department during the summer, it was dry.

Gezîra.—No new work was undertaken. The retention as open drains of any more of the system than is absolutely necessary seems inadvisable. The flow in several sections of the system, even at the height of the flood, was so sluggish that the drains acted as breeding ground. Moreover open drains in an urban area are always objectionable as they invite the disposition of all sorts of filth. It is proposed to cover in with an improved type of culvert those sections of the drains where the flow is most sluggish.

XI.—RAT CATCHING SERVICE.

The number of rats destroyed during 1922 was 7,789. Of these 552 were caught in January, 774 in February, 608 in March, 649 in April, 571 in May, 801 in June, 941 in July, 392 in August, 667 in September, 636 in October, 494 in November, 504 in December.

	Rats Caught.		Rats Caught.
D. I.P. M. Dill. Donaston and	660	Brought forward	5,901
Public Health Department Ministry of Public Works		Ministry of Finance	40
Waili Court		Holy Carpet	1,083
Cairo Governorate	1,076	Lock Hospital	
Qasr el 'Aini Hospital		Abdin Health Office	
Department of Supplies, War	190 108	Ministry of Education	
Coast Guards Administration Ministry of Waqfs, Archiveş		Private individuals, hospitals, Sporting Club, etc	
Carried forward	5,901	Total	7,789

MISCELLANEOUS.

(a) THEATRE COMMISSION.

By the Arrêté of the Ministry of Interior of July 12, 1911, instituting the Theatre Commission and by the Arrêté of the Ministry of Interior of February 6, 1912, the Medical Officer of Health of the City of Cairo is appointed a member of the Theatre Commission.

During the year 1922, one new establishment, a theatre was licensed and 34 establishments already licensed were inspected by a delegate of the Cairo City Inspectorate.

Of this number, 5 were theatres, 16 were cinemas and 13 café concerts. The conditions were found satisfactory in 2 theatres, 11 cinemas and 13 café concerts and unsatisfactory in 3 theatres and 5 cinemas. In most of the latter cases the defects were the filthy conditions of the walls and floors.

(b) Moulid el Nabi.

The Moulid el Nabi was held at Abbasîya on October 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31 and November 1, 1922, on a larger scale than in 1921. It lasted eight days.

It has been calculated that the number of visitors on the last day of the Moulid was 35,000 as against 30,000 in 1921.

The sanitary arrangements made were similar to those adopted in 1921.

Supervision was carried out by the Inspector of the Vidange Control Service and 2 of his subordinate staff.

APPENDIX A.—CAIRO CITY WEEKLY WEATHER STATE FOR 1922.

(From the reports issued by the Physical Service, Ministry of Public Works.)

										HRMIDITA	1 УТТС	RATNEALL	A T.T.	SHINSHINE	INE					NILE (GAUGE
•2					TEN	TEMPERATURE	RE (°C.).			PER CENT.	ENT.	m.m.	n.	(Hours)	rs).	CLOUD.	J.	WI	WIND.		Rôda.
Number of Weel		WEEK.		.mumix&M	Difference from Mormal.	.muminiM	Difference from Mormal.	Mean.	Difference from Mormal.	Меви.	Difference from Mormal.	Weekly Total.	Difference from Mormal.	Mean.	Per Cent of Possible.	0-10.	Difference from Mormal:	Ротев.	Direction.	Мезп.	Difference from Normal.
-	January	1- 7	:	19.5	+0.3	× × ×	+1.2	12.5	F.0+	74	?i	0.0	- 2.0	5.8	58	4.2.	+0.1		S.W.	14.61	F g.0-
67		8-14	:	17.9	9.0-	7.2	0.0	0.11	1.4	10	eo +	4.4	+ 5.4	Ŧ. L	7.5	3.1	-1.5	Ø1	S.W.	14.58	-0.45
ı eq	:	15-21	•	22.0	9.8+	7.4	2.0+	13.5	+1.3	£9	20	0.0	0.8 -	~	80	2.6	1.1	જ	S.W.	14.54	-0.37
4	£ :	22-28	•	19.7	+1.1	9.2	+0.4	12.4	+0.1		0	9.6	0.0	.x	78	3.8	7.0-	જા	S.W.	14.51	-0.35
ו אמ		29- 4 February	:	20.9	+1.9	8.1	+1.3	13.7	+ 1.1	63	21	Drops.	9.1 -	\$0 \$0	22	1.7	-2.4	೧೦	S.W.	14.82	-0.50
9	February	5-11	:	22.5	+2.8	9.5	+1.6	14.6	1.5	65		0.0	e-1 −	2.8	7.5	2.9	1:1	ા	S.W.	15.47	+0.50
2 1		12-18	•		7.0-	$\frac{\infty}{\infty}$	+0.3	9.8	8.0-	74	9 +	Drops.	- 1.3	7.3	99	3.7	-0.3	જા	ż	15.64	+0.56
- 00	£ :	19–25	:		-0.1	8.1	2.0-	8.8	1.0-	17	+	Drops.	- 1.3	7.3	64	3.0	+0.1	কা	ż	15.73	+0.35
) o.		3	:		-2.9	8.4	-1.0	2.8	-2.5	75	+10	0.0	+ 1.1	2.2	29	÷+	+0.1	େ	S.W.	15.74	+0.33
9 0	March	5-11	:	20.9	-2.3	. S	-1.6	13.5	-2.5	37	+18	0.0	- 1.1	% ₩.	71	3.5	-0.1	62	N.E.	15.41	+0.27
1		12-18	:	25.0	+1.0	10.2	2.0—	6.91	9.0-	25	+16	0.0	6.0 —	9.8	72	3.0	+0.3	23	N.E.	15.70	+0.56
12		19-25	:	0.97	+1.0	6.6	-1.0	6.91	8.0-	89	<u>-</u> +	0.0	6.0 -	8.1	7.5	2.8	2.0-	ા	ż	15.69	+0.30
13		26- 1 April	:	31.0	+5.1	13.4	+1.9	5.15	+3.1	+++	-15	0.0	6.0 —	6:2	79	3.5	+0.1	4	N.E.	12.21	+0.36
14	April	2-8	:	6.87	+2.0	13.2	+1.0	0.07	F.0+	59	+ 21	0.0	2.0 -	6.6	<u>+1</u>	1.1	-2.3	ئ د	N.W.		+0.38
15		9-15	:	9.12	-0.3	12.2	9.0-	18.8	-1.7	02	+	0.0	2.0 -	10.6	83	1.2	-1.8	ಣ	Z G		0+0.40
16		16-22	:	31.4	+2.5	12.7	8.0	8.07	9.0-	99	+10	0.0	2.0 -	11.9	91	9.0	7.5-	જા	N E	15.73	+0.43
17		23-29	:	28.8	-1-1	13.3	0.1-	20.5	-1.2	59	9 +	0.0	2.0 —	10.3	. 78	2.0	-1.5	4	'n	15.68	+0.33
× ×		30- 6 May	:	32.6	+1.8	14.6	7.0-	£.7.7	2.0-	63	+11	0.0	- 0.3	11.5	98	1.8	-1.2	ಣ	ż	15.64	98.0+
19	May		:	6.67	+1.7	14.3	-1. 4	71.7	1.5-	58	+	0.0	7.0 -	10.5	78	3.0	7.0+	4	ż	15.65	+0.37
50	;	14-20	•	34.2	+1.8	15.3	-1.1	23.8	2.0-	58	+ \pi	0.0.	2.0 -	12.5	16	1.2	-1.3	જા	z.	15.64	+0.37
21		21-27	:	31.5	9.1-	9.91	1.0-	53.55	0.2-	26	× +	0.0	- 0.5	12.5	91	7.1	8.0-	∾ ?1	ż	12.41	+0.47
22		28-3 June	:	32.1	-1.6	16.5	-1.4	93.5	7.5-	55	+ 1	0.0	- 1.1	12.8	92	1.7	1.0-	က	N.E.	15.66	+0.45

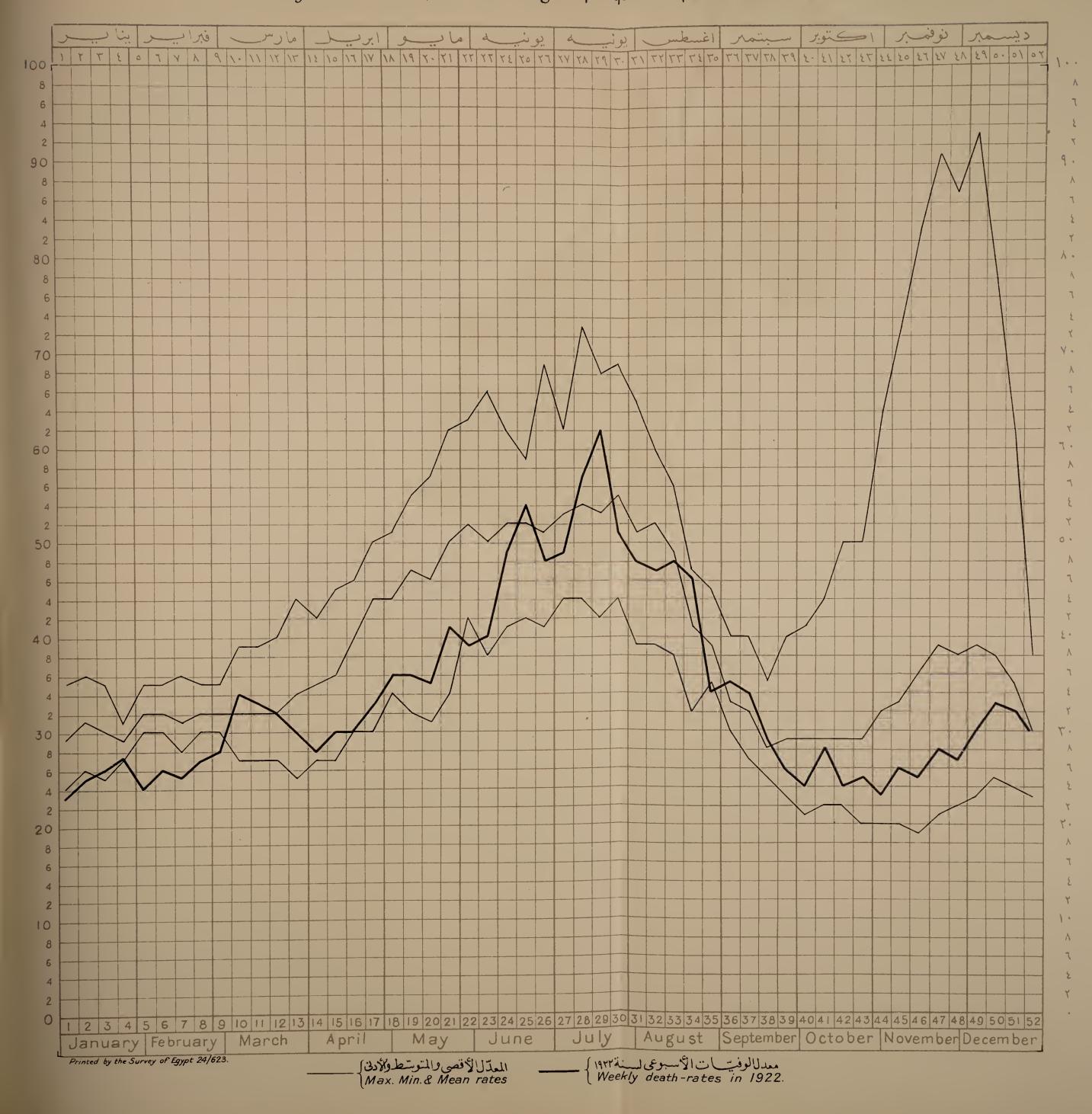
						-																			
	-0.17	15.14	S.W.	6.1	-0.5	3.7	71	7.3	+ 3.4	1.4	+14	 & &	-1.3	11.8	-2.3	0.9	£.0+	9.61	:	•	:	•	24-31	ŝ	27
	+0.16	15.93	N.W.	2	-1.4	8.7	833	8.5	1.1	0.0	+10	84	•	•		5.6	•		:		:	•	17-23	33	51
	-0.11	16.00	S.W.	ಣ	8.0-	3.4	71	7.2	1.1	Drops.	∞ 	99	-2.4	11.7	-2.4		-2.0	•	:	:	:	•	10-16	<u>۴</u>	20
	-0.12	16.22	S.W.	က	+0.3	4.3	5.8	0.9	= -	Drops.	-12	7.9	-1:1	14.0	2.0-	9.4	-1.6	19.7	:	:	:	•		December	67
	-0.25	16.39	S.W.	63	+2.5	0.9	62	6.5	8.0 -	0.0	ু 	72	-0.1	9.61	2.0+		-1.0	21.5	:	:		Dec	26- 2 Dec.	33	48
	-0.55	16.70	Variable.	က	+1.5	5.0	20	5.5	2.0 -	Drops.	4 -	02	9.0+	18.0	+5.0	14.0	+0.1	23.4	:	:	:	•	19-25	3	47
	±0.0 -	17.25	S.W.	23	-1.7	1•4	80	8.5	2.0 -	0.0	 	89	9.0+	19.1	8.0+	13.8	+1.4	25.9	:	:	:	•	12-18	33	46
	+0.12	17.88	N.W.	က	8.0-	2.0	78	4.8	2.0 -	0.0	?i +	74	+1.5	21.0	+1.3	15.3	+3.1	28.9	:	:	:	•	r 5-11	November	45
	+0.30	18.53	N.W.	67	7.0-	2.5	84	6.6	9.0 -	0.0	+12	84	+1.0	21.5	+1.4	16.5	+1.2	28.4	:	:	•	Nov	29- 4 Nov.		44
	+0.72	19.27	N.W.	23	-2.3	0.5	85	9.6	T.0 -	0.0	2 —	65	+2.5	23.9	6.0+	17.0	+4.8	33.5	*	:		•	22-28		43
	68.0+	19.45	N.W.	62	-1.3	1.1	83	7.6	1.0 -	0.0	+ 2	74	+1.1	23.4	7.0+	17.4	+1.7	31.0	:	:	:	•	15-21	33	49
-	12.0+	19.09	N.W.	63	-1.3	1.0	82	9.6	- 0.4	0.0		17	-2.1	6.03	-2.3	15.3	-1.9	28.4	:	•	:	•	8-14		41
F7 -	80.0+	18.67	N.W.	63	9.0-	1.4	83	8. 6s	₹.0 -	0.0	+	74	-1.0	22.7	-1.4	16.9	-0.3	30.7	:	•	:	•	1- 7	October	40
4	+0.64	19.30	N.W.	67	-1.5	9.0	83	10.0	0.0	0.0		92	9.0-	23.7	8.0-	18.0	0.0	31.6	:	:	:	•	24-30	\$	33
	+1.09	19.70	N.W.	ಣ	F.0-	1.2	83	10.1	0.0	0.0		74	6.0-	24.1	2.0-	1.61	<u>c.0-</u>	31.7	:	:	:	•	17-23	6	38
	+0.53	19.03	N.W.	က	2.0-	8.0	98	10.7	0.0	0.0	+ 2	70	+0.5	25.9	-0.3	19.4	+1.9	34.7	:	•	:	•	10-16	\$	37
	+0.35	18.68	N.W.	ಣ	6.0	9.0	92	9.11	0.0	0.0	+ 30	70	-0.1	26.5	-1.0	19.2	+1.8	35.1	:	•	•	•	r 3- 9	September	36
	+0.21	18.35	N.E.	ಣ	-0.5	1.8	90	2.11	0.0	0.0		69	1.5	25.3	4.0-	20.1	-1.7	32.1	:	:	ڈیہ	Sepi	27-2 Sept.	6	35
	79.0+	18.45	N.W.	က	-0.5	1.4	89	9.11	0.0		0	64	1.0+	28.0	+1.1	21.9	+1.0	35.3	:	:	:		20-26	•	34
	2F.0+	17.64	N.W.	62	-0.5	1.4	06	11.9	0.0	0.0		62	6.1+	29.5	+1.0	22.0	+2.0	39.7	:	•	:	•	13-19	33	33
	-0.12	16.30	N.W.	67	8.0+	2.3	6	12.6	0.0	0.0	+ 3	64	+0.2	28.4	+0.3	21.5	+5.6	37.7	:	:	:	•	6-12	August	32
	-0.04	15.93	N.W.	62	₹.0-	1.1	91	12.3	0.0	0.0	+ 4	64	-1.5	9.97	-0.5	21.0	-1.3	34.1	:	:	ust	Aug	30- 5 August	\$	31
	80.0+	15.80	ż	2	+0.2	1.9	92	12.6	0.0	0.0	+ 4	63	-0.5	28.0	70.5	21.4	+1.0	36.7	:	:	;	•	23-29	3	30
	+0.14	15.71	N.W.	\vdash	2.0-	2.0	16	12.5	0.0	0.0	+	62	0.0	28.3	8.0+	21.9	+0.8	9.98	:	;	:	•	16-22	33	29
	+0.12	15.62	ż	23	+0.3	1.5	95	13.2	0.0	0.0		62	-0.1	28.1	9.0+	21.5	9.0+	36.4	:	:	:	•	9-15	33	28
	+0.17	15.61	N.W.	87	-0.1	1.0	90	12.6	0.0	0.0		61	8.0-	27.3	+0.5	20.1	+0.1	35.8	:	:	:	•	2-8	July	27
	+0.27	15.66	N.N.W.	23	10.4	9.0	16	12.8	0.0	0.0	~ +	09	-1:1	26.7	-0.1	19.9	0.0	35.5	:	:		July	25- 1 July	33	96
	+0.35	15.68	W.	က	7.0-	9.0	87	12.3	0.0	0.0	+ %	54	-0.1	27.4	6.0+	20.3	2.0+	35.7	:	:	:	•	18-24	3,	25
	+0.39	15.69	ż	ಯ	-1.0	0.1	88	12.4	0.0	0.0	+	53	7.0-	9.98	6.0+	9.61	1.0+	35.5	:	:	:		11-17	6	24
	+0.41	15.66	N.E.	3	12.0-	1 2.0	91	12.8	0.0	0.0	1 +	22	-1.4	0.07	0.1-	7.21	12.0+	34.5	:				4-10	June	23



Government Press

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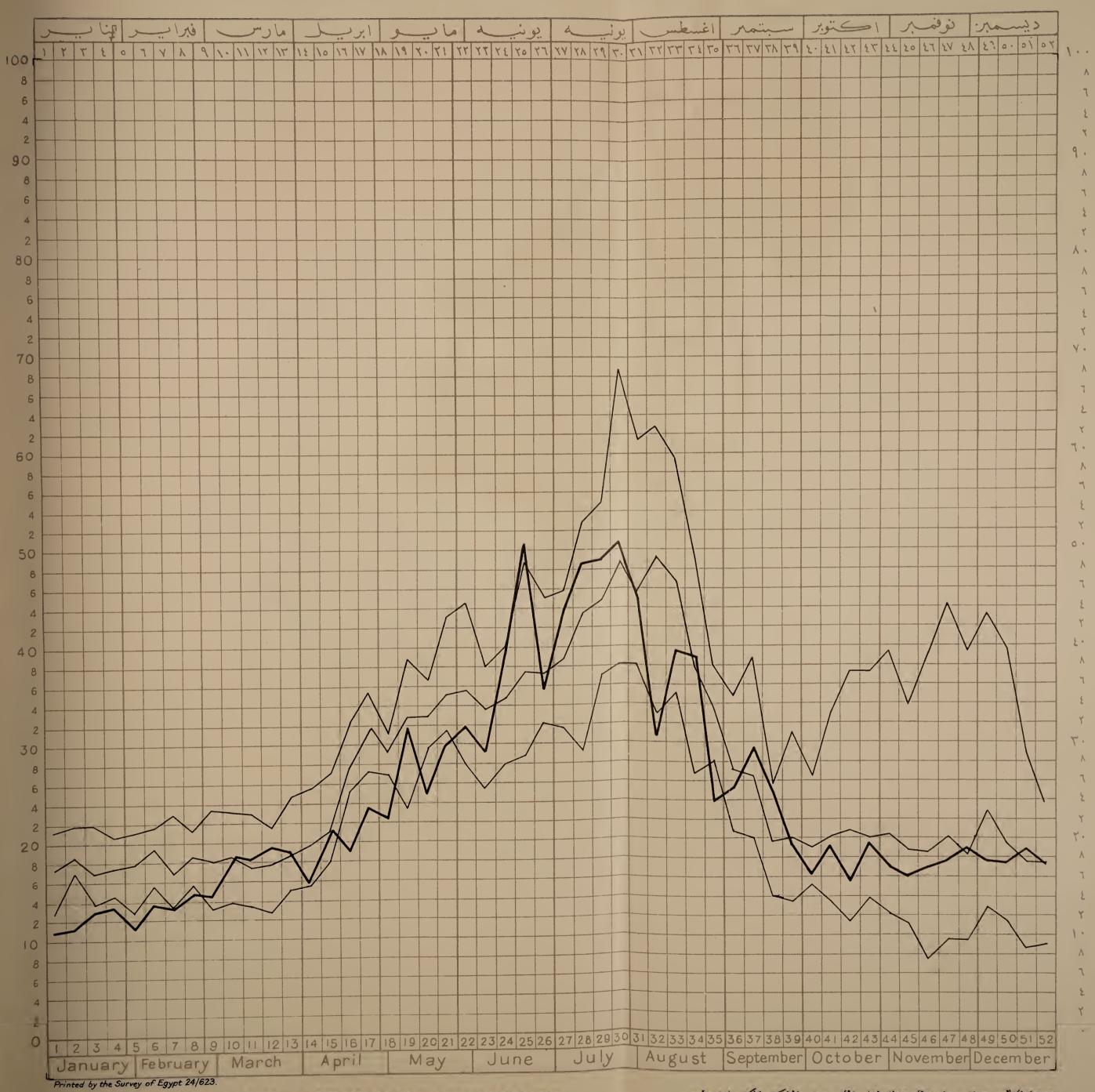






المعاللاسبوبي لوفي المحاللة المن المحالية المحالية المحاللة المحا تقرير محدّمديت القاهم سكالنة Cairo City Health Report 1922.

خريطة رقم ٢ Chart 11

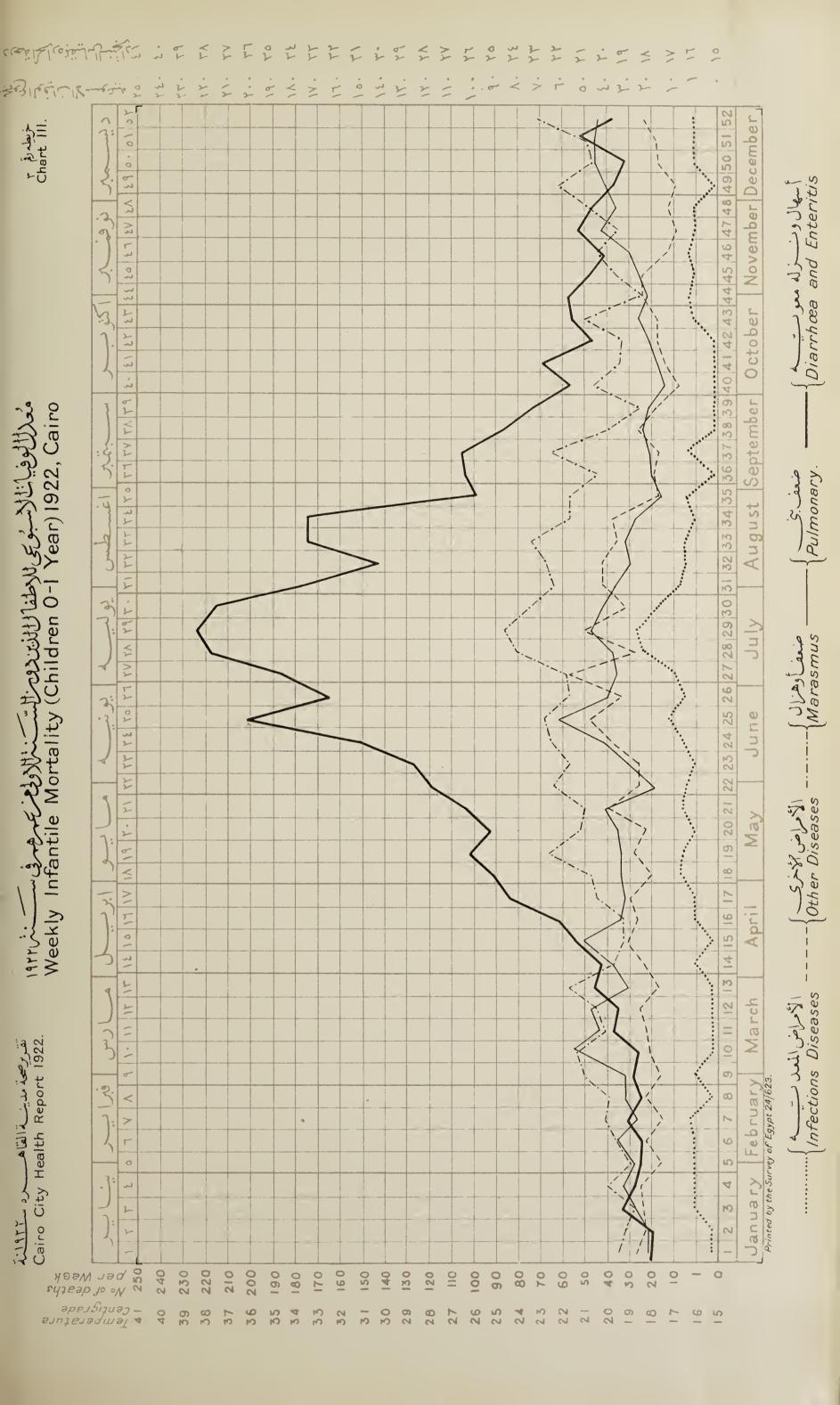


- Maximum, Minimum & Mean of Weekly Death-rates per 100 Births.

- Weekly death-rates per 100 births for 1922.

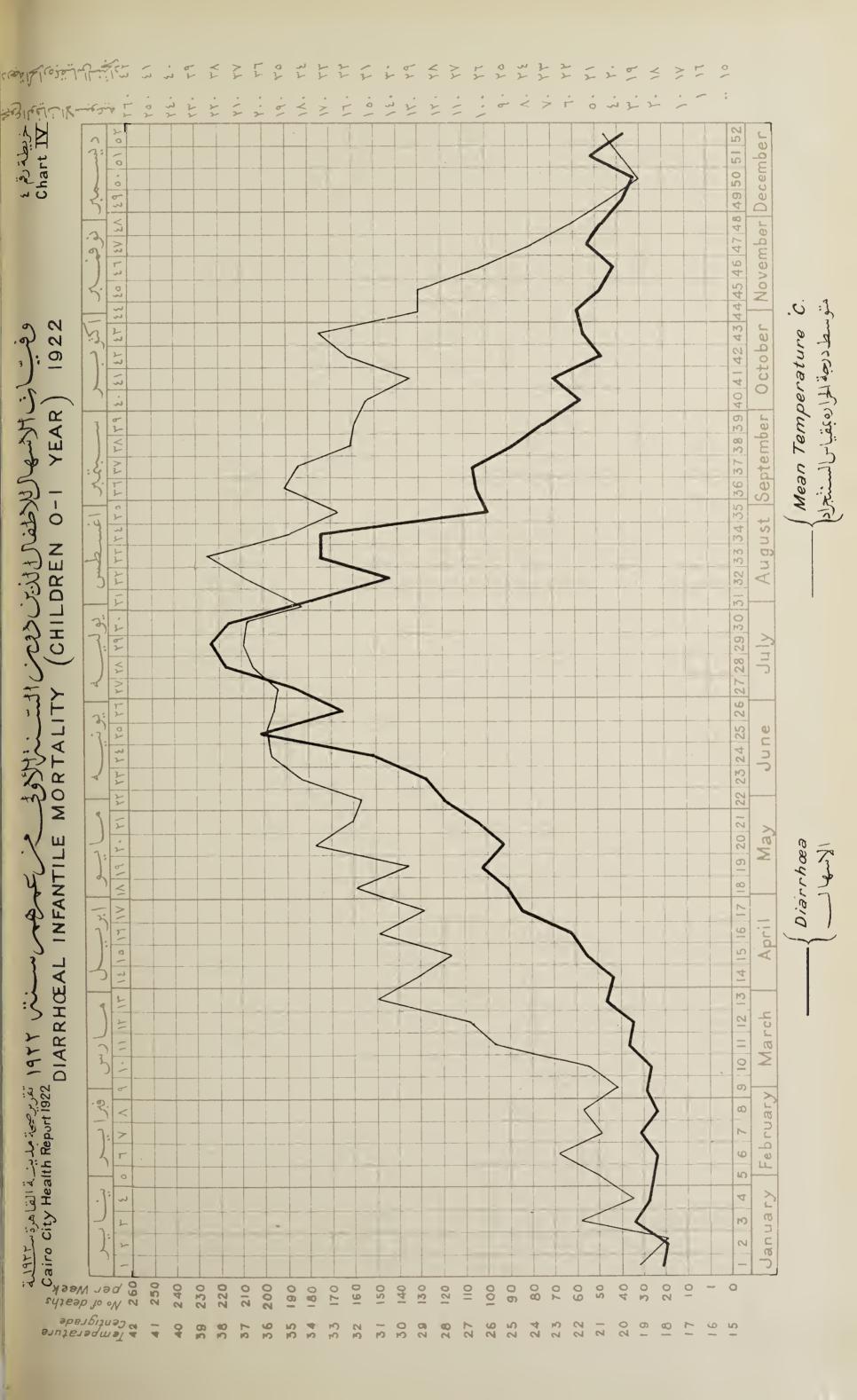
المعدّل لأقصى والمتوسط والأدنى للوفيّات الأسبوعى بالنتّ بة لكل مائذ مولود معدّل الرفيّات الأسبوع بالنسّ بة لكلمائذ مولود في سمّ عمد الم



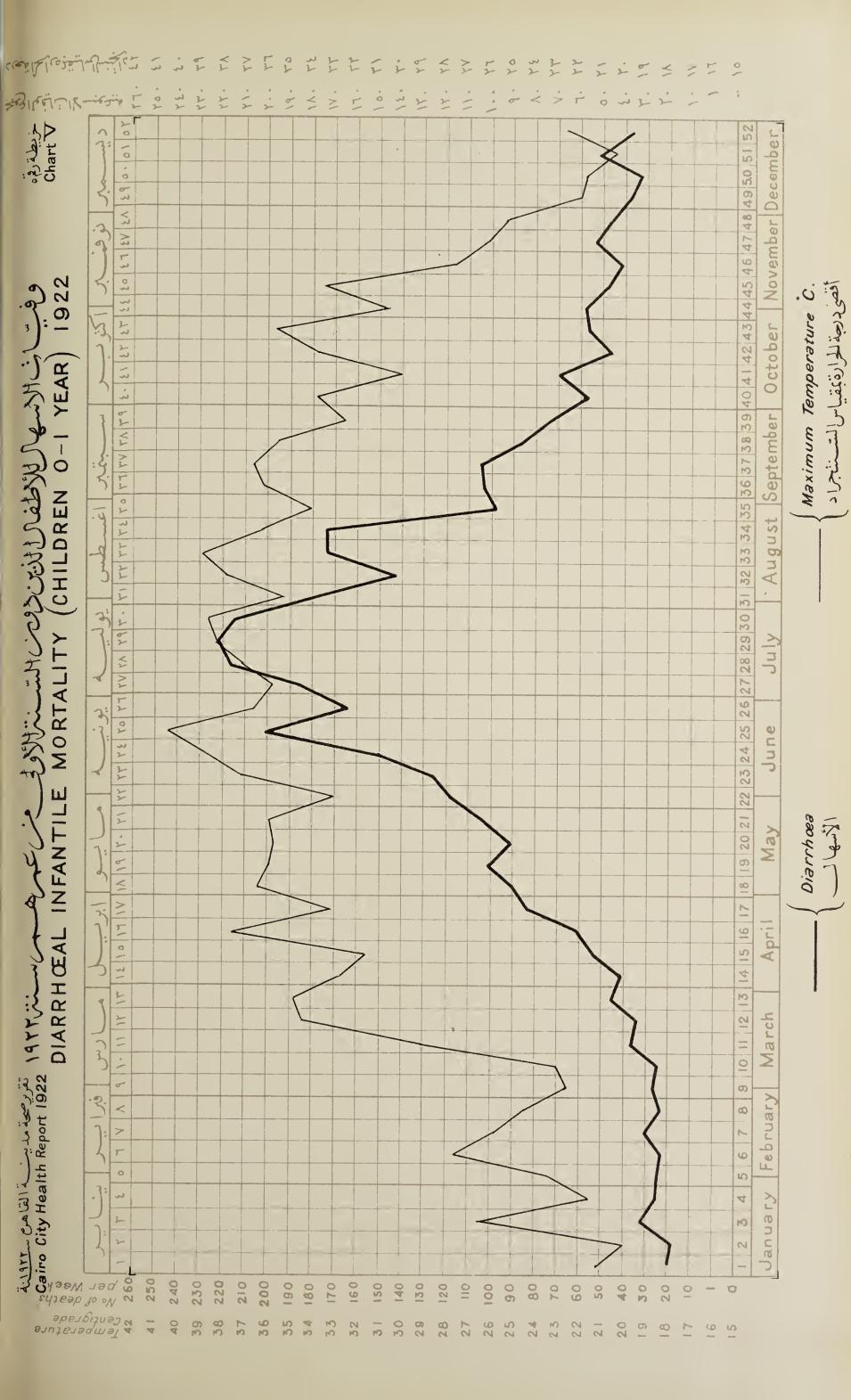




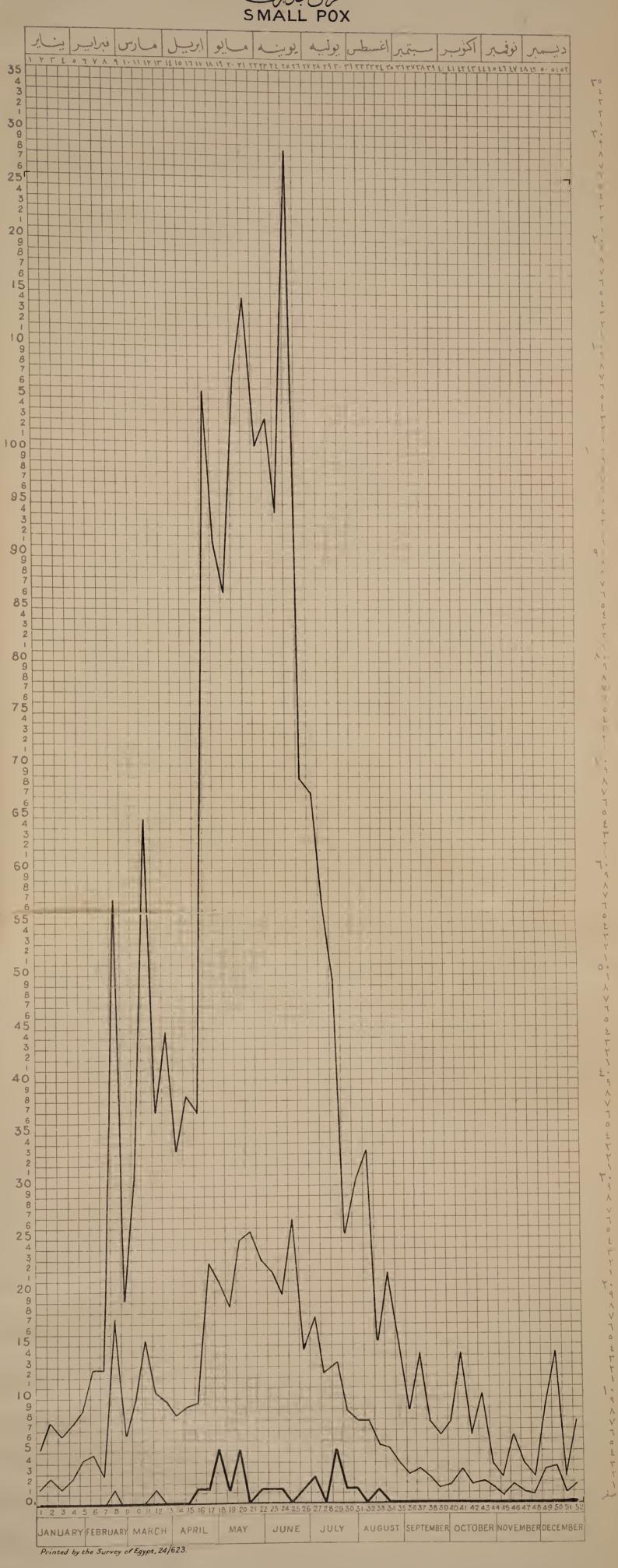
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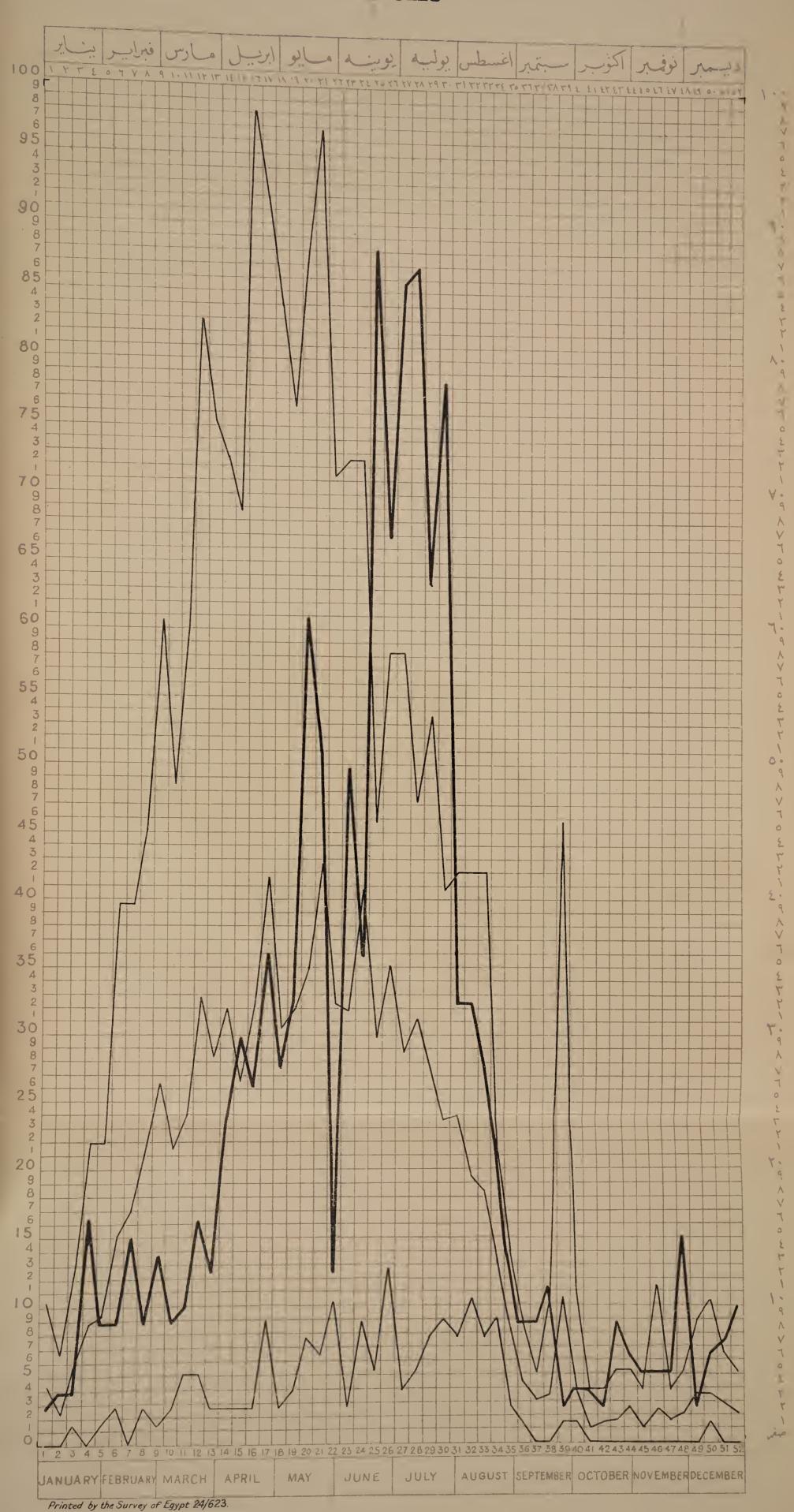


النستب القصوى والمتغرى والمتوسطه لعدد الأصابات فحسكل مليون من Weekly Maximum, Minimum and Mean number of cases estimated per million of population 1917-1921.

المجموع الأسبوعي للأصابات في سيمتا ولنة كل المجموع الأسبوعي للأصابات في سيمتان المجموع الأسبوعي للأصابات في سيمتان الم



MEASLES



النسب القصوى والصّغرى والمنوسطه لعد دالأصابات في كلمليون من السّكان من سنة ١٩١٧ الى سنة ١٩٢١ ال

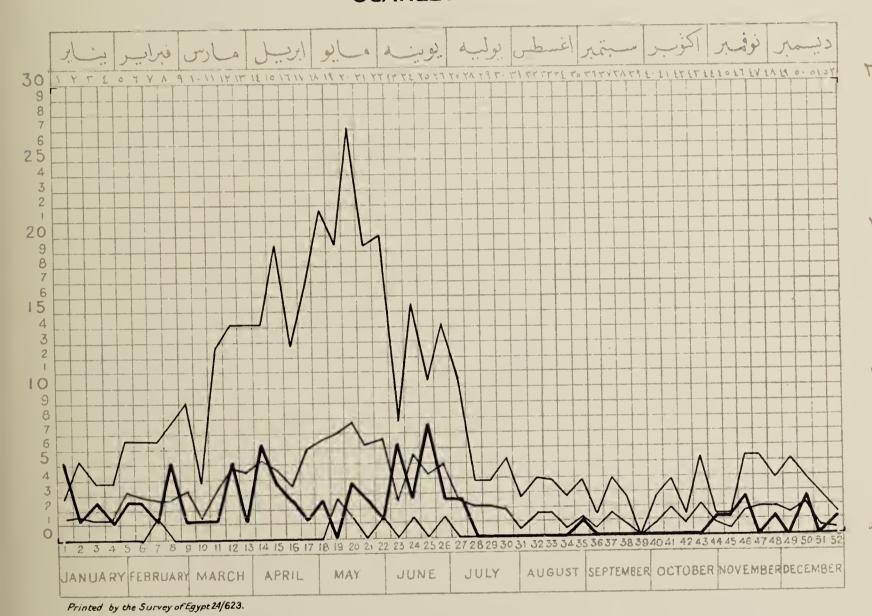
المجموع الأسبوعي للأصابات في المالية المالية



تقرير صحة مدينة القاهن نه ١٩٢٢ Cairo City Health Report 1922

SCARLET FEVER

رخيطة رقم A Chart VIII.



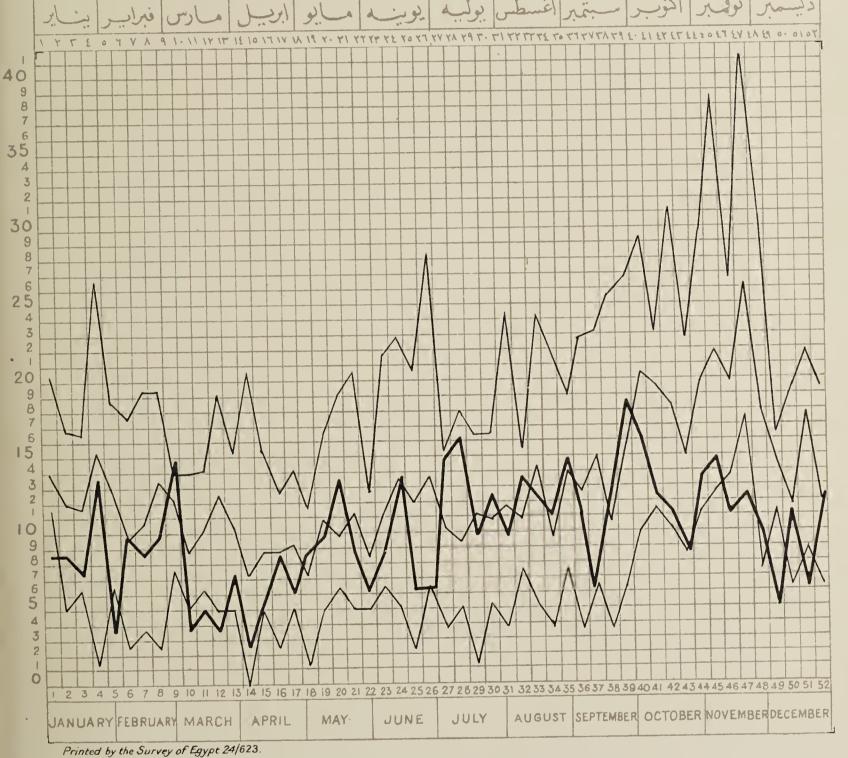
النسب القصوى والصغرى والمنوسطة لعدد الإصابات في كل مليون من الستكان من سنة ١٩١٧ الى سنة ١٩٢١ الى سنة ١٩٢١ الى النسب المسابة المام المسابقة المعدد الإصابات في كل مليون من الستكان من المسابقة المعدد الإصابات في كل مليون من السبح المعربية المعربية

الجمع الأسبوعي للأصابات في سمّنائلة كلا المجموع الأسبوعي للأصابات في سمّنائلة كلا المجموع الأصابات في سمّنائلة كلا المجموع الأصابات في سمّنائلة كلا المجموع ا



تفرير صحة مدينة القاهب و تفرير صحة مدينة Cairo City Health Report 1922.

الرفن DIPHTHERIA مزیطة رقد ۹ Chart IX.

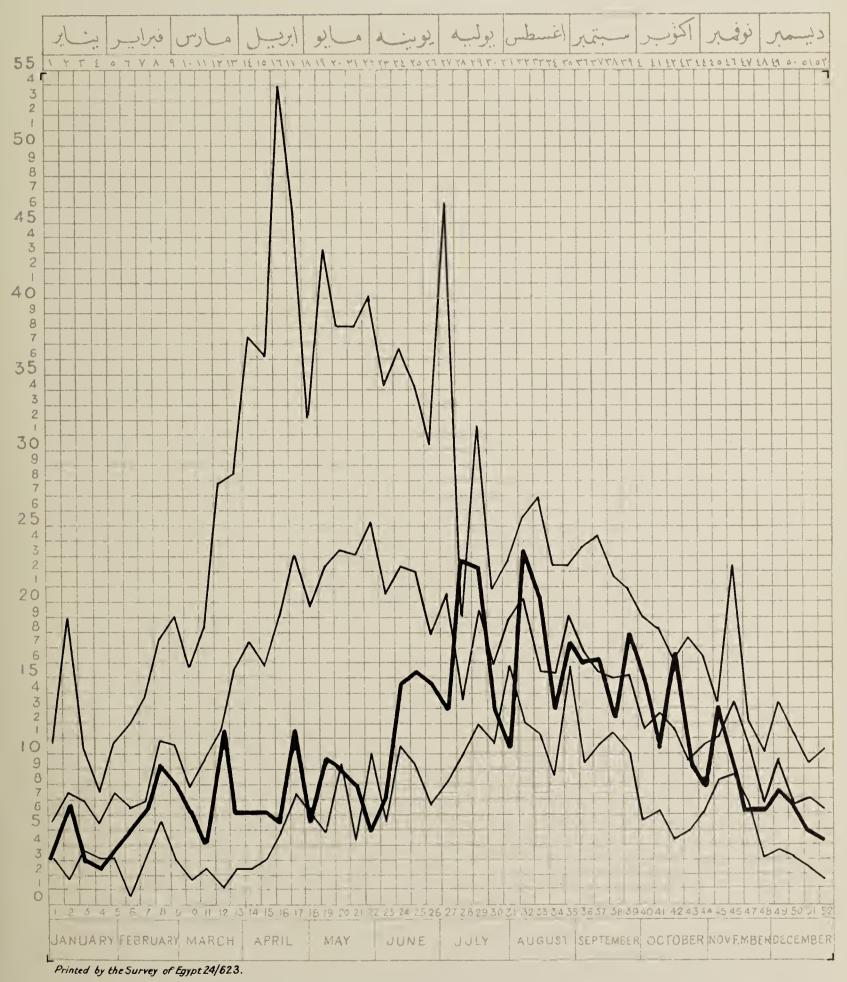


ومتوسط وأد لخب موع الاصابات الأسبوعي مقدّ را باعتبار كل مليون من السكان من سلافائة الى المالناك ومتوسط وأد لخب موع الاصابات الأسبوعي مقدّ را باعتبار كل مليون من السكان من سلافائة الى المالناك الاسلام Weekly Maximum, Minimum and Mean number of cases estimated per million of population 1917-1921.

الجموع الاستبوع للاصابات في ١٩٢٢ - آ Weekly Total of cases in 1922. 29XYTO ETTION XTO 27TI SAXTO ETTI SAXTO ETTI



الحتى النيفوريتة TYPHOID FEVER

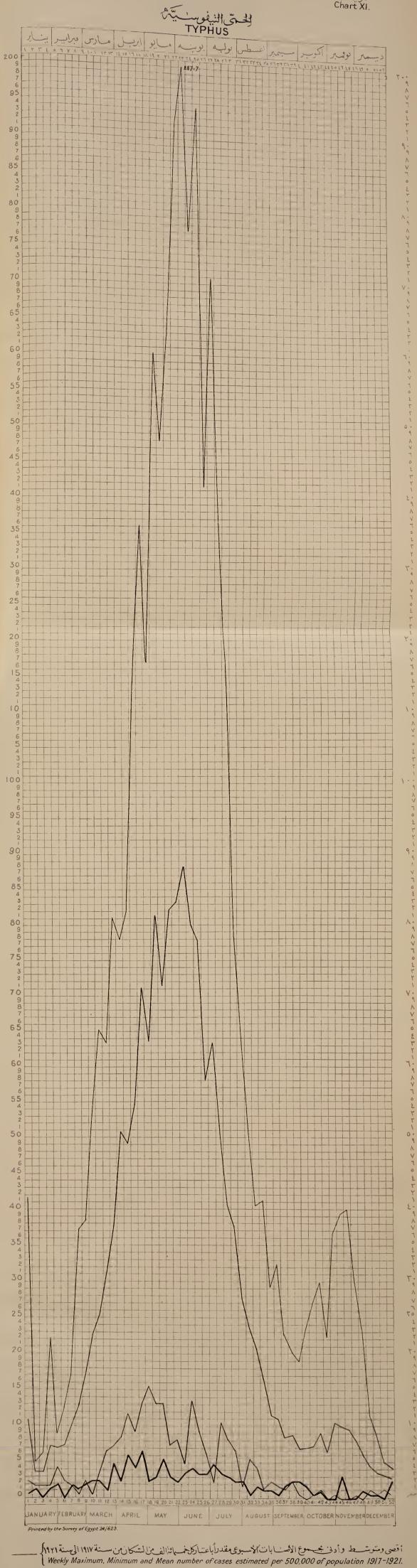


أ قتى ومتوسّط وأ دنو بجيموع الأصابال الاشبوعي مقد دابا عنب اركل ٥٠٠٠،٠٠٠ من السكان من سنة ١٩١٧ المسنة ١٩٢١ (Weekly Maximum, Minimum and Mean number of cases estimated per 500,000 of population 1917-1921.

الجسوع الأسبوع الأصابات في تلافين المجسوع المحسوع المجسوع المجسوع المحسوع المحسوع المجسوع المحسوع المحسوع المحسوع



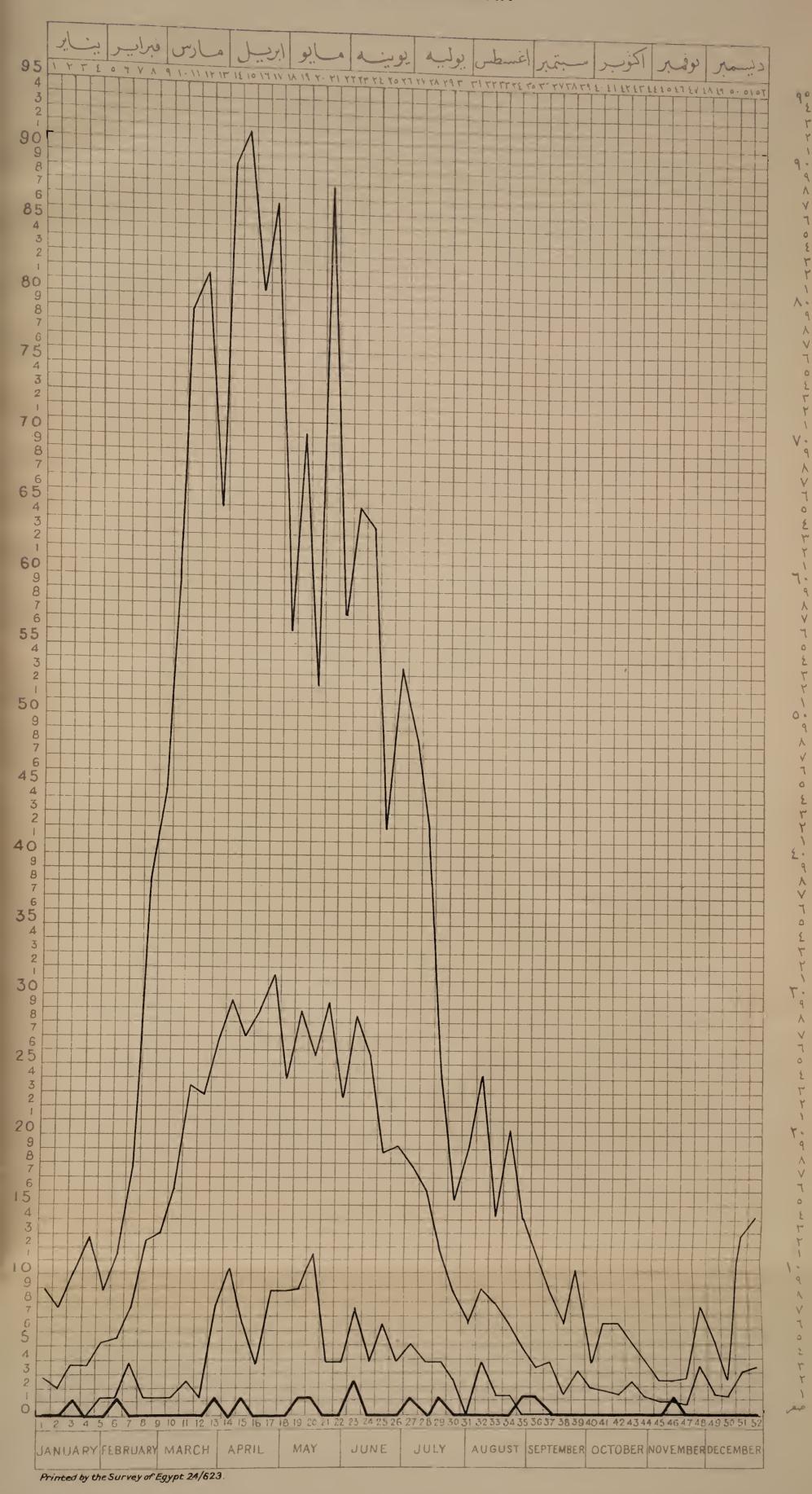
زيطه رقم ۱۱ Chart XI.



الجيموع كأسبوعى الأصابات فى تنتولنة كا Weekly Total of cases 1922.



RELAPSING FEVER



النسب القيصوى والصّغ بي والمتوسّط ولعد دا الأصابات في كليون من السّكان من المالئة الى سايمولنة كالنسب القيصوى والصّغ المالية المالية

المجموع الأسبوعي للأطابات في يمتالنكر Weekly Total of cases 1922.

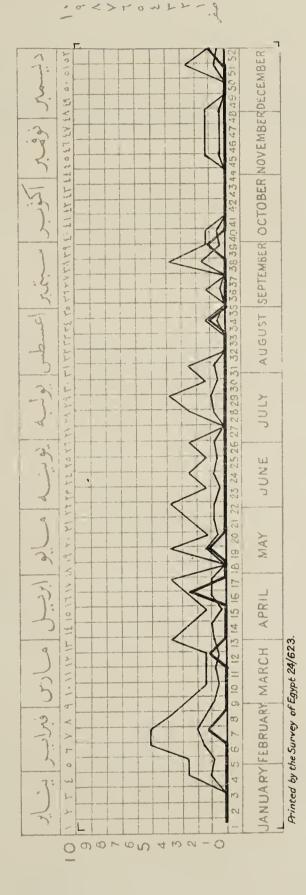


Cairo City Health Report 1922. تفريرصحة مدببة القاهم ملكلائة

生がおいいかいろう

الا خريفة فع Chart XIII.

CEREBRO SPINAL FEVER



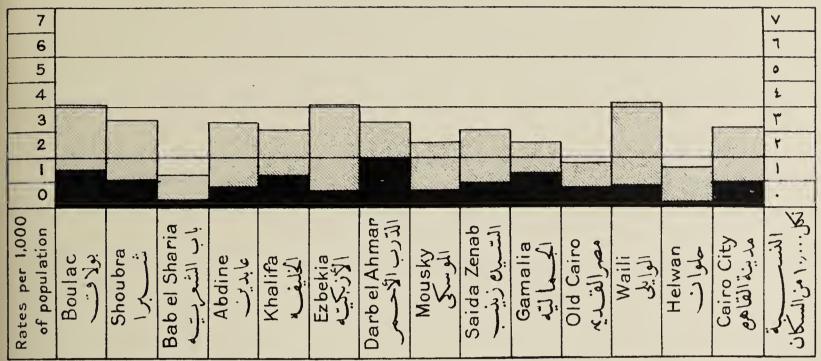
اققعي ومتوسّط وأدن مجموع الأمابات كرّسبوع مقدّل باعتب ركل وليوزمن الشكان مزيلالالة السلامينة (Weekly Maximum, Minimum and Mean number of cases estimated per million of population 1917-1921.

Meekly Total of cases in 1922.



Fig. I. Cairo City Health Report 1922. شكل ۱ تقرير صحة مدينة القاهع كتالية

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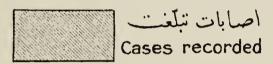


Fig. 2

شکل ۲

الجندى مُعدَّ الأصابات والوفيات في أقسام مصريّ النسبة في المن المنسبة المنسبة

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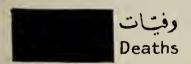


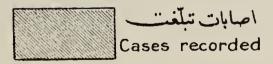




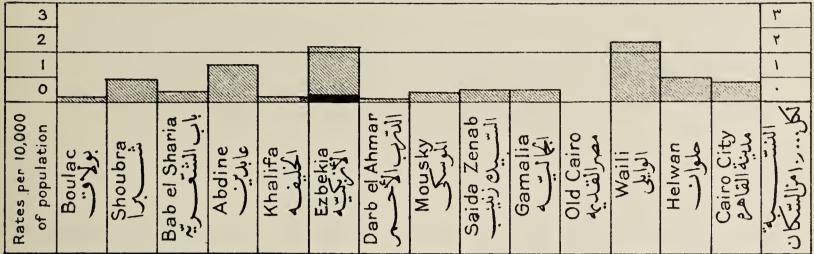
MEASLES CASE AND DEATH RATES IN CAIRO DISTRICTS IN 1922 PER 10,000 OF POPULATION

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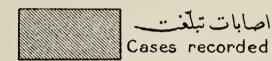
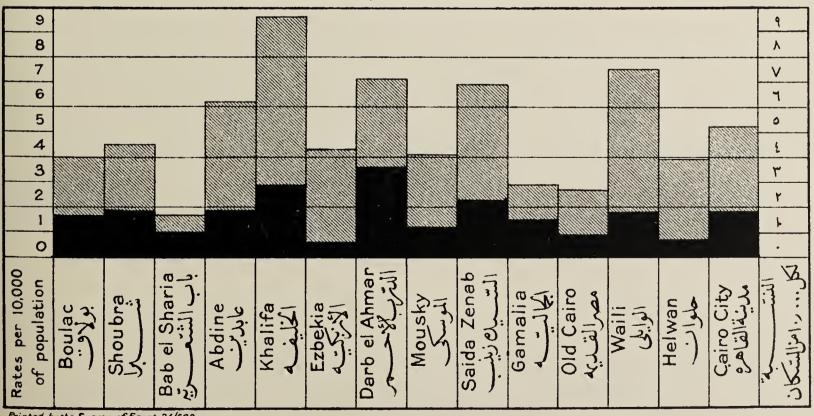


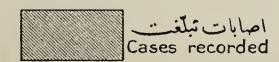
Fig. 5.

شکل ه

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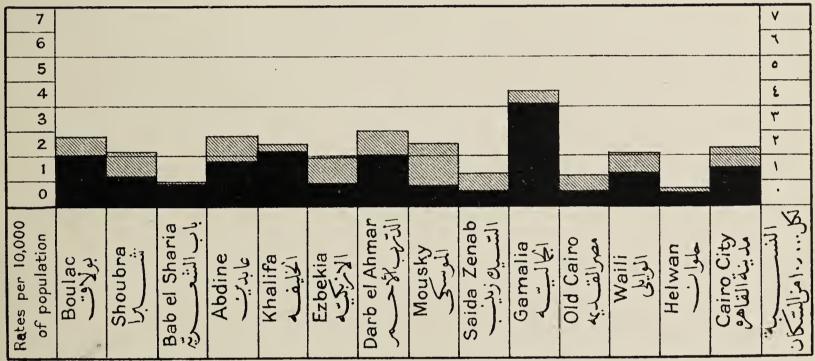


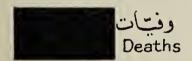


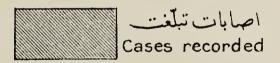
Fig. 7. Cairo City Health Report 1922.

شکل ۷ تقریر صحة مدین القاهع ستنوانة

تيفوس مُعَالِّلُ الْمَالِالْ والوفيات فَاقْسَام صِهِ كِتَانَانُوالنَسَ مَعَالِّلُكُمَّا اللهِ وَالنَّكُمُ اللهُ وَاللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّا اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللَّا اللَّهُ اللَّا اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللّل

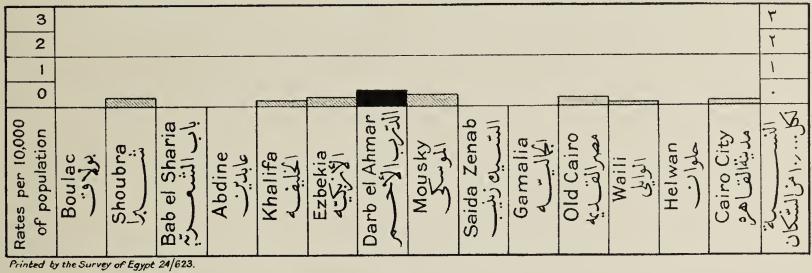








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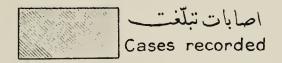


Fig. 9.

شکل ۹

المحل محمد المنتوكية معاللا في المناف والوفيّان أقدار مصرية المنتوكية المنت

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Rates per 10,000 of population		Shoubra	Bab el Sharia	Abdine かんご	Khalifa اکلیف	Ezbekia んパパー	Darb el Ahmar	Mousky .	Saida Zenab السياع زينب	Gamalia	Old Cairo مصرالقديه	waili الوايلي	Helwan	Cairo City مریبهالقاهره	الذير امزالسكان

